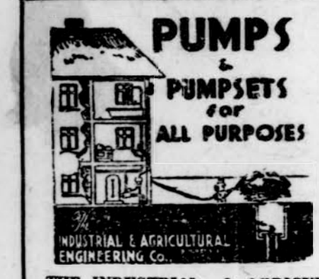

THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY 1
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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 18 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1942 PRICE: ONE ANNA

New Hope For Your Skin

LIBRARY OF THE BRANCH OF THE

JAPANESE FORCES DRIVEN BACK FROM BATAN

Joint American-Filipino Action

Aerial Combats Over Moulmein

Thai Troops Help Enemy In Tenasserim Fighting

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.

The War Department says that General MacArthur's troops in savage fighting in the Battan peninsula in the Philippines have driven back the Japanese with heavy enemy losses.

Defence Of Malaya

SINGAPORE:—There is greater resistance to Japanese forces in Malaya and there has been some check to the Japanese landings in West Johore.

The enemy in Malaya appears to be developing his main thrust from Muar towards our communications running north and south, it is stated in military quarters in London on Wednesday.

Throughout January 19th, there was extensive enemy air activity over this area together with strong pressure along the road running south-east from Muar.

SIAMESE TROOPS HELP JAPAN!

RANGOON, Jan. 21.

Although a 'communique' mentioned for the first time active participation of Siamese troops on the side of the Japanese in military operations against Burma, it is officially learned there have been a number of previous cases in which Siamese troops have been engaged both in South Burma and other parts of the frontiers.

Widespread anger has been caused in Burma by the news that Siamese troops are co-operating with the Japanese.

Fighting East Of Moulmein

The general picture of the fighting east of the Moulmein area appears from authoritative sources to be that, a hundred Thais crossed the frontier west of Paln, about 30 miles south-east of Mayawadi and attacked a Gurkha outpost at Paln. Next Sukli and Mayawadi were strongly attacked by the Japanese and two of our companies were pressed hard.

Tiwakale is being strongly attacked by the Japanese. Tiwakale is ten miles to the north of Mayawadi The position in the hills east of Kawkareik was comfortable on Tuesday night. Mayawadi-Kawkareik is the main route in this area to Moulmein.

THAIS CROSS BORDER.

There was a lot of dive-bombing and machine-gunning from 7-30 a.m. to 3 p.m., on Tuesday of our east outposts suggesting that a strong attack was likely. It was noted that the Thais were the first to cross the border but the main attacks were being made by the Japanese.

The Japanese and Thais are attacking on a front about 30 to 40 miles from Tawakale to Palu with Mayawadi and Sukli in the middle. The river Thauingyin forms the frontier in this region and the Japanese and Thais crossed it at least at two or three places. At Palu, the Thais are digging in. To the west there are barriers of the Mekane and Kalemu rivers but there is a fairly good pass at Kawkareik in the ranges of high hills.

Withdrawal From Tenasserim

In connection with last night's "communique" that a party of Thai troops crossed the border east of Mayawadi (Burma-Thai border) an official commentator said "battles now being fought in Tenasserim District is taking place in very difficult country which is well-suited to the infiltration tactics of the enemy who are present in superior numbers. In the fighting about Myitta, enemy is known to have suffered heavily. It is not yet possible to give an estimate of our casualties. Our forward outposts in Tenasserim district are now moving back so as to achieve a greater measure of concentration."

Air Battle Over Moulmein

The "communique" had added that yesterday enemy aircraft bombed Mayawadi and Sukli which are to the east of Mayawadi. A force of our bombers with fighter escort attacked Meshod aerodrome in Siam. All bombs fell on the target area and fires were started. Two enemy aircraft were destroyed one other probably and another damaged. One of our aircraft is missing from this raid.

In an aerial combat over Moulmein during the day, we lost two of our aircraft. Air reconnaissances over enemy occupied territory were carried.

Indian Guerillas Ready For Action

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The Indian forces in Burma have formed their own Guerilla troops.

300 Policemen Rounded Up And Detained

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 21.

About 300 policemen have been detained following a surprise round-up on Tuesday in Johannesburg of policemen and detectives suspected of subversive activities.

It is stressed that the men affected form only a very small percentage of a large loyal body.—Reuter.

These are not centralized: each battalion has its own detachment of commandoes, who devote themselves under the lead of a subedar, or jemadar, exclusively to this specialized course, writes an Indian Army Observer.

These troops when the time comes will get behind the enemy lines through the jungle and continually harass the enemy's communications.—A. P.

Whole Of Minahassa In Japanese Hands

BATAVIA:—A "communique" issued to-day by the Headquarters of the Netherlands East Indies forces at Batavia states: Yesterday afternoon a lightship near Medan was bombed and machine-gunned by three enemy aircraft after air reconnaissance had taken place. No damage was done. Later, the same afternoon five Japanese aircraft after having circled over Belawan, the port of Medan, for about half an hour dropped approximately nine bombs. Three persons were killed and seven wounded, the damage was small. Enemy aircraft attacked an aerodrome in Borneo causing damage to aircraft stationed there.

According to reliable reports the whole of Minahassa is at present occupied by the Japanese who paid dearly for this conquest. After having carried out a bombing mission over Malaya some of our aircraft did not return to their base. A submarine of the Royal Netherlands Navy which was operating in the north-east of our Archipelago and whose engine had been damaged arrived at Tarakan on the eve of the Japanese attack.

A naval flying boat was sunk as the result of enemy action. The crew is safe.—Reuter.

Batan peninsula is the north-west corner of Panay Island, whence the Japanese have been driven back by American and Filipino troops.

Air Attack On Singapore

64 Killed: 154 Injured

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

According to the Singapore radio to-day's Singapore Communique says:—"Heavy fighting continued throughout yesterday in the Bukit Payong area in north-east Johore. Enemy aircraft were active during the day, making numerous dive-bombing and machine-gun attacks on our forward troops.

It is now reported that during an action in the Bukit Payong area, our artillery inflicted heavy casualties on the enemy at short range. On the east coast, at Endan, an outpost of our troops has been withdrawn in the face of superior enemy forces.

Mersing was again bombed and machine-gunned yesterday, with slight result.

HEAVY ATTACKS ON SINGAPORE

Reports now show that the force of enemy aircraft that raided Singapore yesterday consisted of about 90 heavy bombers escorted by fighters. The casualties now reported are 64 killed and 154 injured.

A number of heavy and successful attacks have been made on enemy occupied aerodromes in Malaya during the night by our aircraft.

During a raid on Kuantan a stick of bombs was dropped on aircraft and hangars, which caused large fires.—A. P.

Accident In Br. Arms Factory

LONDON, Jan. 21.

It is officially announced by the Ministry of Supply to-day that an accident occurred at a Government arms factory in north-west England yesterday. As a consequence two people have died from injuries. Production at the factory will not be affected.

GEN. TOJO ON JAPANESE DRIVE FOR "WORLD PEACE"!

Prepared For "Protracted And Total War": Call To East Asia To "Participate In Prosperity Programme"

TOKYO, January 21.

Gen. Tojo, Prime Minister, in a speech in the 'Diet' to-day said that Japan would not lay down arms till her purpose had been finally achieved.

While hostilities continue, he said, Japan intends to secure control of strategic bases and important resources in Greater East Asia thereby augmenting her fighting strength. At the same time in close co-operation with Germany and Italy she will extend "increasingly vigorous operations."

JAPAN'S HANDMAIDS

Gen. Tojo again defined Japan's objectives in East Asia as the creation of a common prosperity sphere contributing towards world peace." He declared that Japan hoped to allow room for independence and free composition of national groups willing to participate in the co-prosperity programme. Manchukuo, the National Government of China (the Nanking Government) and the Governments of Indo-China and Thailand were already collaborating with Japan in this task.

Reaffirming Axis ties, Gen. Tojo declared: "Japan intends to strengthen further her solidarity with the Allied powers in the military, diplomatic, economic and various other spheres and to go forward towards the attainment of the common purpose."

OFFER TO FILIPINOS

Referring to the Philippines he declared that Japan "will gladly enable them to enjoy honour and independence" provided the Filipinos show genuine willingness to collaborate in the task of realising common prosperity.

Gen. Tojo said that it would be foolish to underestimate the combined strength especially in material wealth of the United States and the British Empire in "this war."

In conclusion he declared that the Government intended to take all necessary measures to consolidate national power and to equip the nation with all arms required for the continuation of a protracted and total war.

Gen. Tojo is stated by the Domei Agency to have made "virtually no mention of the Japanese relations with the Soviets Union."—Reuter.

CHURCHILL'S 'GENEROUS GESTURE'

No Electrical Recording Of Next Commons' War Review

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The Prime Minister has decided not to proceed with his motion for electrical recording of his next Commons' war review. He announced in the Commons that he would not move the motion.

After the Prime Minister had announced this Mr. Hore Belisha (Liberal National) described the action as a generous gesture.

There exists, Reuter's Parliamentary correspondent learns, a strong body of opinion opposed to the proposed method of giving wide circulation to a single speech when already the Prime Minister's speeches necessarily occupy the major part of the broadcast summaries of debates. When the strength of various bodies of opinion were conveyed to the Prime Minister last night, he decided to abandon the recording idea.

Echo Of Sinking Of Br. Warships

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, told the Common that the reports concerning the sinking of the battleships 'Prince of Wales' and 'Repulse' off the coasts of Malay have now been received and are being examined. On completion of this examination, decision will be taken whether a further inquiry is necessary. Any salient facts about the happenings can be communicated to the House but under conditions which will safeguard any special points from the enemy and so on.

The Labourite, Mr. Ammon, asked: "Does he remember that a somewhat similar promise was made with regard to the 'Glorious' (aircraft carrier sunk off Norway in June, 1940) and that we have not been given the information."

The Conservatives, Sir Archibald Southby, said: "If an inquiry is held, will the terms of references be wide enough to cover establishing responsibility for these ships being sent to the East without aircraft protection."

No answer was given.

BR. SUBJECT AS JAPANESE PUPPET

The conservative, Captain Gammans, asked the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Hall, if he was in a position to make a statement regarding the activities of Mr. Saravanamattu, a British subject appointed Japanese Hign Commissioner for Penang and in particular as to whether Saravanamattu has accepted this appointment voluntarily or under duress.

Mr. Hall said, "The Secretary of State has seen reports in the Press to the effect that the person named in the question had been nominated by the Japanese to the post mentioned but he was not in a position either to confirm or deny the statement"

Captain Gammans: "Is it proposed to make a declaration that any British subject willingly co-operating with the Japanese in any territories over-run by them will be charged with treason when the war is over?"

Mr. Hall, "I will call the attention of the Secretary of State to that observation."—Reuter.

JAP SHIP TORPEDOED: 3 U. S. TANKERS SUNK

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.

The following is the text of the Navy Department 'communique' based on reports received up to noon on Tuesday.

"A motor torpedo-boat under Admiral Hart's Far East Command entered Binanga Bay inside the entrance to Subig Bay, Philippine Islands, and torpedoed an unidentified enemy vessel of 5,000 tons in a night attack.

The sinkings of Tankers "Norness," "Coimbra," and "Allan Jackson" have been accompanied by attacks on other vessels within the territorial limits of the United States.

AZAD TO PRESIDE AT INDEPENDENCE DAY MEETING

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, will preside over a meeting to be held at Mohammadali Park on January 26 in celebration of the Independence Day.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

SOVIET AMBASSADOR TO JAPAN

TOKYO, January 21.

The Soviet Ambassador to Japan M. Constantin Smetanin, is leaving for Moscow on Saturday according to the Japanese Domei Agency "to report to his Government on various matters as well as recover his health."—Reuter.

THAI-JAPANESE THRUST HELD

RANGOON.—The Thai-Japanese thrust to Moulmein has been held north of Mayyawadi.

Berlin Plan For Big Spring Offensive

Ribbentrop's Mission To Sofia Will Balkans Oblige?

VICHY, Jan. 21.

Von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, will probably visit Sofia, Bucharest and other Balkan capitals shortly, according to a Vichy News Agency message from Ankara.

The despatch says it is believed that the Germans wish to release the forces employed in Yugoslavia for big operations in the spring and desire their Balkan Allies to take over the task.

ATLANTIC CHARTER FOR CHINA

Eden On Return Of Korea And Manchukuo By Japanese

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A reminder that the Chinese Government was a party to the United Nations' Declaration signed in Washington on January 1 was given by the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Eden, to the Commons answering questions.

The Liberal, Mr. Mander, asked if Mr Eden would make it clear that one of the aims of the Allies in this war in so far as China was concerned is restoration to her of all territories seized by force by Japan, including Manchuria, and whether a Treaty of Alliance is contemplated.

The conservative Mr. Purbrick asked whether Mr. Eden would make clear to the Japanese people that when the war was over not only will they have to give up all foreign territory they have occupied but also Manchuria and Korea and all their island possessions together with their conquests in China and that reprisals will be taken for all outrages they commit".

WASHINGTON PLEDGE

Mr. Eden replied, "I would refer the questioners to the declaration by the United Nations signed at Washington on January 1, the text of which has been published in the Press. The Declaration first endorses the purpose and principles of the Atlantic Charter, the Article III of which relates to the restoration of sovereign rights and self-Government to those forcibly deprived of them. In view of the establishment of 'United Nations', I cannot make any further statement on behalf of Government alone on the aims of the Allies nor forecast the demands to be made eventually on the enemy".

Mr. Mander: "May I take it that the Chinese Government is definitely satisfied that this covers restoration as soon as possible of the territory seized forcibly by the Japanese?"

Mr. Eden: "I cannot speak for any other Government, but Mr. Mander will know that the Chinese Government are themselves a party to this declaration"

The Labourite, Mr. Noel Baker, asked: "Is it not a fact that neither the British Government nor any others of the United Nations have ever recognised the conquest of Manchuria and, therefore, their action is in no way compromised by past events".

No further answer was given.

WHERE ARE OUR PLANES?

LONDON, Jan. 16.

The "Daily Mail's" Singapore Correspondent cables.

British soldiers withdrawing to their new lines are asking the same questions of correspondents as were asked in Norway and Greece: "Where are our planes? When are we going to get them?"

CHINESE SINK TWO JAP MOTOR-BOATS

CHUNGKING, Jan. 21.

Chinese have sunk two Japanese motor-boats off the coast of Kwangtung, says a 'communique.'

The Chinese continue harassing attacks in a number of Provinces in China especially against the stronghold of Hwaiyang in East Honan. The beleaguered garrison suffered heavy casualties.

Many successful raids were carried out against road and rail communications elsewhere.

MRS. NAIDU FOR BOMBAY

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 21

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu who returned here yesterday from Wardha is leaving for Bombay on January 29.—United Press.

SHOT DEAD FOR PRO-ENEMY ACTIVITY

VICHY, Jan. 21.

Two more Frenchmen have been shot by the Germans according to a Paris despatch.

An announcement by the German military authorities to-day says, "French citizens, Pierre Fillol of La Rochelle and Albert D'Halenne of Saint Ouen, Paris, condemned to death for activity in favour of the enemy, were shot to-day.—Reuter.

Poona Mill Workers To Get War Bonus

POONA, January 21.

An agreement has been reached between the two parties in the industrial dispute in the Rajabahadur Motilal, Poona Mills, Ltd., Poona, on the question of the restoration of the wage-cut.

According to the agreement a war bonus equivalent to sixteen pies in the rupee in their total earnings during the period from January 1, 1941 to December 31, 1941, inclusive is granted to all mill workers. The bonus will be calculated on the earnings exclusive of the dearness allowance and will be paid to the workers on 15th March, 1942.

After a period of three months from the date of this agreement, the question of increasing the bonus from sixteen pies per rupee upto a maximum of 24 pies per rupee shall be left, subject to Government sanction, to the sole arbitration of Commissioner of Labour, Bombay Government. In case such sanction is not forthcoming the Commissioner shall appoint an arbitrator in consultation with the two respective parties.—A. P.

Secret Clause In Axis Pact

Plan To Open Second Front Against Soviet

LONDON, Jan. 21.

It is reported in Stockholm that the main Secret Clause in the German-Italian-Japanese military agreement signed in Berlin on January 18 stipulated the opening of a second front against the Russians, states the Daily Telegraph's" special correspondent in Stockholm.

This offensive to be launched by the Japanese would coincide with the resumption of the German offensive against Russia in the spring.

The Official German News Agency, commenting on the Pact, said that it would safeguard "the appropriate distribution of military forces of great striking power".—Reuter.

Ex-Burma Premier

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Except for one or two desultory comments or cartoons, very little notice has been taken here of U Saw's detention. The question will, however, be raised in Parliament to obtain fuller statement on the circumstances of detention. It is now stated that about ten days ago, U Saw arrived at Lisbon intending to proceed to India.

Latest Commercial

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH.

New York, January 21

Previous closing	18.32
To-day's opening	18.38
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	not received.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, January 21

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

March not received.
May not received.
July not received.

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, January 21

SEEDS.

Castorseeds January/February (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers.
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta January/February (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata January/February (£15 3/4 sellers) £15 3/4 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal Coast January/February (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8 sellers

JUTES.

Dundee October/November unquoted.
Lightning October/November unquoted.

RUBBER.

Spot December unquoted.
Forward December unquoted.

LONDON METALS.

Tin No market.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, January 21

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, January 21

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London, January 21

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, January 21

Spot (23 1/2d.) 23 1/2d.
Forward (23 9/16d.) 23 9/16d.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted.
New York on Milan not quoted.
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.35
London on Shanghai unavailable.
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: January 21.

There was no trading during night session.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, January 21

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors (dol. 32 5/8) dol. 32 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 28 1/8) dol. 28 1/4
United States Steel Common (dol. 54) dol. 53 5/8
United States Steel Preference (dol. 119 1/8) unquoted.

London Stock Exchange

London, January 21

The London Stock Exchange was very quiet.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, January 21

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 13/16

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, January 21

5 per cent 1958/68 £101 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £63 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 1/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £100
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £101 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 38-3
Electric Music Industry 14-4
Princhin Johnson 22-0
Imperial Chemicals 32-10
Woolsworth New Ordinary 89-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £76 3/4
Dundee 29-3
Unilever Ordinary 30-6
Ford Motors 25-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £40
British American Tobacco Ordy. £4 1/8
Carreas 'A' £5 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 9/16
P and O Defd 28-3
Distillers 75-0
Bredfords Dye 10-0
British Celanese 7-0
J and P Coates 38-6
Courtaulds Ordinary 35-0
Fine Cotton Spinners 6-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-0
Inter Nickel dol. 44 1/8
Indian Iron 47-6

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-10
Donsro Tea 30-7
Empire of India 18-0

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 15-0
Gula Kelampong 10-0
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 19-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 18-9
Burma Corporation 5-1
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £2 1/32
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 3/4
Associated Portland Cement 82-6
Trinidad Leasehold 69-4
Sub Nigel £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 1/8
Union Corporation 150-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 38-1
Anglo-India 47-6
Burma Oil £2 5/16
Mexican Eagle 12-4
Shell Transport £2 7/16
Royal Dutch £20

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £44 3/4
London Midland Ordinary £18 1/8
London North Eastern Defd £2 3/8
London Southern Defd. £16 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent £120
London Transport £40 1/8

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS

are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 n.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words :—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Respectable Hindu Youth wants to marry cultured educated girl, correspondence with confidence Box No. 15651 "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Shorthand-typist. Apply Box No. 15655, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Gujarati Matriculate Lady Teacher. Senior trained preferred. Apply Principal, Cutchi Visha Oswal High School, Samuel Street, Bombay 9. (15652)

Sales Girl Wanted For Local Laundry. State qualifications with minimum required. Apply Box No 15657, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted at Karachi well-educated cultured lady companion for daughters of highly respectable vegetarian Hindu family. Elderly lady knowing music preferred. Apply stating age, experience, educational qualifications, salary required sending photo, if possible write to Box 15656, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Manager and an Assistant for an established concern. Pay upto 150|- & 100|-. Good prospects for young gentlemen. Apply No. 15614, "Bombay Chronicle."

Hypnotism, Mind-Reading, Clairvoyance, etc., taught within 30 days. Price Rs. 5|- with Mesmeric Eye. Occult Sciences Institute, Noble Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. (15668)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Young man of 26, experienced journalist, has edited magazines, worked for five years in publicity department, can make attractive layouts, write good copies, was manager of popular cinema, knows printing line thoroughly, good at correspondence, very influential, seeks any responsible job. Apply Mr. James, C|o, Victory Advertising Service, Bombay Mutual Annexe Building, Gunbow Street, Bombay.

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Free Matriculation evening classes will begin from 26th January under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban Students' Union (Santa Cruz). Students desirous to attend may apply, Chandrakant Reshamdalal, Tara Villa, Podar St. Santacruz. (15667)

346. INVESTMENTS

Success guaranteed. Earn Rs. 126 with guarantee by my Forecast with a nominal investment of Rs. 12 within any six days (Fee Rs. 10) see M. Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, opp. Thomas Cook, 'Phone 34151. (15639)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans advanced promptly on Promissory Notes and Mortgages! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation (Established 1934), Fort Branch: 203, Hornby Road. (15596)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Cheap For Quick Sale Uncut Diamonds, Burma rubies and sapphires. Apply Noormohamed Walljilalji, 18 Chotani Building, Second Floor, Khaduck, Bombay. (15669)

For Sale. Woollen Carpet Clippings. Brokers, Merchants & Mills are requested to communicate with Khan Bahadur Shaikh Gulam Hussun & Co., Lohgarh Gate, Amritsar. (15657)

Complete Right of New Type of Fireout most efficient fire extinguishers as well as complete formula for manufacturing Apply Box No. 7117, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the right of skinning dead animals for one year commencing from 1st April, 1942, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 4-2-1942 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

The tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. It should be endorsed "Tender for the right of skinning dead animals."

Forms of tender specifications will be issued to any one on payment of Rupee one only by the Undersigned from whom further particulars required can be obtained. Names of all contracting parties should be specified in the tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
B. C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 20th January, 1942.
(7142)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to fill temporary non-gazetted appointments in the Survey of India on an initial pay (according to qualifications) not less than Rs. 60 per mensem rising by annual increments of not less than Rs. 10. The appointments will be for the duration of the war and will be subject to termination on one month's notice. Incumbents will however be considered for permanent appointment in a subordinate service carrying a maximum pay of Rs. 240 per mensem with chances of promotion to gazetted appointments carrying maximum pay of Rs. 600 per mensem. If permanently appointed, service in the temporary posts will count for leave and pension.

2. Candidates must fulfil the following conditions:

(i) must be British subjects of Indian domicile or if subjects of an Indian State, must produce a declaration under Section 262 (1) of the Government of India Act 1935;

(ii) must not be less than 18 or more than 25 years of age on the 1st March, 1942;

(iii) must be physically fit;

(iv) must have passed a degree examination of a recognized University with Mathematics as one of the subjects.

Preference will be given to candidates possessing previous survey or drawing experience.

3. Applications in the handwriting of the candidate enclosing certificates of domicile, age, educational qualifications and character should reach the Director, Geodetic Branch, Survey of India, Dehra Dun, not later than the 1st February, 1942. Candidates whose applications are in order will be required to appear about the middle of February, 1942, before an interviewing Board in Dehra Dun and to sit for a written examination there to test their knowledge of English, Mathematics and Drawing. They will travel at their own expense.

4. Accepted candidates will have the option of joining their posts in Dehra Dun immediately after the examination or of returning to their homes and joining their posts in Dehra Dun about 1st March. In the latter case they will travel to and from their homes at their own expense.
(7107)

NOTICE

THE E. D. SASSOON UNITED MILLS, LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the Directors of the above Company to issue to Jayantilal Manilal Dani of Bombay duplicates of temporary transfer receipts Nos. 4|347; 2|1045; 1|1976; 5|1111; 1|113; 3|760; 3|762; 6|262 & 6|523 for 700 shares Nos. 2595692|2595741; 2951535|2951634; 3943691|3943715; 4191202|4191451; 2608851|2608875; 3597192|3597241; 3597292|3597341; 3969911|3969960; 3542114|3542163 & 3542264|3542313 upon the statement that the said original temporary transfer receipts standing in the name of the late Mr. Manilal Chhotalal have been lost or destroyed; And Notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original temporary transfer receipts is made to the said Directors at the Company's Office at E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, they will then proceed to deal with such application for duplicate temporary transfer receipts.

JAYANTILAL MANILAL DANI.
Dated: 22nd Jan. 1942.
Bombay.
(7143)

Public Notices

THE ANDHRA INSURANCE Co., Ltd., MASULIPATAM.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. MANILAL M. DADIA ceases to be the Chief Agent of our Company for Bombay Province as from 1-1-1942. Our Agents, Policyholders and the public are requested to address all correspondence to our Sub-Office at No. 6, Bell Building, Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

Y. MANGAYYA, B.A., B.L.,
Secretary, Andhra Insurance Co., Limited,
MASULIPATAM.

D| 16-1-1942.
(7141)

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL LICENTIATES ARE REQUIRED for the Emergency Branch of the Indian Medical Department (Indian Cadre).

AGE-LIMIT: 35 years' age limit has now been raised to 50 years.

EMOLUMENTS: JEMADAR—Rs. 200 to Rs. 270 p.m. SUBEDAR—Rs. 285 to Rs. 300 p.m. Sub-charge pay when holding sub-charge of a military hospital from Rs. 15 to Rs. 40 p.m. Free accommodation and rations or compensation in lieu, free water and lighting. Free accommodation for families except during training period and also free water and lighting when the officer is on field service.

ANTEDATE OF COMMISSION. For professional Experience upto 5 years, for higher qualifications upto one year and for a D.T.M. upto six months. The period of antedate to count for increments of pay and seniority in the Service.

ADDITIONAL CONCESSIONS Preferential treatment in connection with recruitment to Civil Medical Departments after the war. In the case of Government servants, grant of lien in Civil, confirmation in a civil appointment on the occurrence of a suitable permanent vacancy, period spent on military duty to count in full towards pay, promotion and pension in the Civil Department.

DISABILITY AND FAMILY PENSION. An Assistant Surgeon who is pronounced permanently unfit for general service owing to a disability attributable to field service and assessed at 100 per cent. may, at the termination of his service on account of such disability, be granted a total pension of Rs. 60|- per mensem if he is a Jemadar and Rs. 85|- if he is a Subedar.
The heir of an Assistant Surgeon who is killed in action or dies of wounds received in action is eligible for the grant of a monthly pension of Rs. 50|- if the Assistant Surgeon was a Subedar and Rs. 25|- if Jemadar. In addition, the heir of a Subedar is eligible for the grant of a gratuity of Rs. 1,200|-

Detailed particulars can be obtained from Provincial Administrave Medical Officers or the Director General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi.
(7012)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

SPECIAL NOTICE

RESTRICTION IN BOOKING

WITH IMMEDIATE EFFECT. passengers holding Third Class Tickets of ALL descriptions, viz., Ordinary, Mail, Return or Season Tickets, for ANY Stations between Bombay and Manmad (both inclusive) are not permitted to travel by 5 Down Punjab Mail.
(7144)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Graduates, possessing sound practical knowledge of Horticulture, for the post of Superintendent of an experimental fruit station, in the prescribed form that will be supplied on request, pay Rs. 100-10|2-140 for a suitable man with experience. The applications with supporting evidence of experience and ability must reach this office by the 15th proximo. Knowledge of Gujarati or Marathi desirable.

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE,
Baroda.
Baroda.
Dated 17th January, 1942.
(7128)

NOTICE

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

SEALED TENDERS ARE invited for each port from Local dealers for supply T.I.B. of Best Steam Coal to R.I.N. during the period 1-4-1942 to 31-3-1943.

Tender Forms and 'Instructions to Tenderers' can be obtained from the following Officer for each port:

(1) PRINCIPAL SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, INDIA, 10, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, **BOMBAY.**
(2) SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, KEAMARI, **KARACHI.**
(3) SEA TRANSPORT OFFICER, Old High Court Buildings, 1st Line Beach, **MADRAS.**
(4) NAVAL OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, **VIZAGAPATAM.**
(5) NAVAL OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, Willingdon Island Post Office, **COCHIN.**
(7127)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, CARPETS, SCREENS, Etc.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public Auction TO-DAY, THURSDAY, the 22nd January, 1942, from 11 a.m. (S.T.) to 1 p.m. and then from 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the United India Building on Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, the undermentioned property of The BANK of Taiwan Ltd., vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Dining-table, Chairs Sideboards, Dumbwaiters, Drawing-room Suites, Persian & English Carpets, Wardrobes, Cabinets, Center Tables, Peg Tables, Dressing-Tables, Wooden Beds, Marble Top Toilet Tables, Teapoys, Bookcases, Screens, Writing-Tables, Chairs, Steel Racks, etc.

On view.

UCTION SALE OF 60 BALES OF PUNJAB AMERICAN COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned. Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 27th January, 1942, at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.), the undermentioned lying on Open Jetha No. K 167 (near Volkart Bros. Godown's office) at Sewree Cotton Depot.

60 Bales Punjab American Cotton (damaged by sea water).

Terms:—25% deposit.
BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS FOWLER BUILDING SITUATE AT GOA STREET, FORT.

By order of Messrs. John Fowler & Co. (Leeds) Ltd. Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on the premises the abovementioned property, Street No. 19, Ward No. 2750 (3) on Friday the 30th January, 1942, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas, Attorneys for the Vendors, Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

MENESSE & CO.

Auction Sales

THE SALE OF PROPERTY at GAIWADY LANE, known as CAVEL STREET at the risk and on account of the Mortgagors Ramdas Jhaverbhai and Others will take place TO-DAY at 4-30 P.M. at the premises of the property as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

THE CAPITOL
('Phone 20422)
FROM SATURDAY, JAN. 24
Twice Nightly at 6-30 & 9-30
Sunday at 3-30 & 6-30 p.m.
Grand STAGE Show
ALL-STAR
ALL-STAR
NON--STOP VARIETY
Mirth! Magic! Melody!
MEET—
GOGIA PASHA
in New Surprises and Illusions!
THE 3 HOLLOSSY'S
THAT'S ENOUGH!
THE 3 DIAMONDS
with THEIR MIKE!
10 BRIGHT EYES
The Dancing Beauties
LEAH MILLER
The Australian Butterfly
and other Stunning Number!
Prices: Rs. 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9
Plans Open. Book TODAY

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 9-30 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

with Lionel BARRYMORE
John CARROLL · Red SKELTON · Virginia O'BRIEN
The Miracle-Film of 1941
Attracting Crowds in 1942
'Khazanchi'
IN
42nd Week
KRISHNA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

★
2nd Great Week!
CONGRESS
Leaders and other prominent Social Workers applaud it.
ASHOK
Pictures'
Soulful Social
CHANDAN
Starring—
KANTA, NAZIR,
MAYA, ASHIK HUSEIN,
W. M. KHAN,
BABY LALITA etc.
LAMINGTON
Daily:—4, 7, & 10 P.M.
★

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
TO-DAY:
KEEP SMILING
(GRACIE FIELDS)
From TO-MORROW
Frank Lloyd's
This Woman Is Mine
1F
Plans Open. Book To-day.

TALK OF THE TOWN
MINERVA'S HISTORICAL
Sikandar
Director:—SOHRAB MODI
20TH WEEK
MINERVA
Direction: SOHRAB MODI
To-day—Shows Nos. 447, 448 & 449.
Daily 3 Shows—4, 7 & 10 p.m.
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE)

LADIES!
Don't Forget To-day at 1-15 p.m.
SPECIAL ZENANA SHOW FOR LADIES!
14 Fourteenth Week & Still Going Strong!
Gharki Laj
SUN RISE PICTURES' SOCIAL HIT
Starring:
SHANTA HUBLIKER, NAZIR, JAGDISH, ETC.
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

PICKING BANDS
Beltings Buffers etc., manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD. highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO. LTD., 9 Ash Lane Fort, Bombay. 'Phone 33609.

WHEN VIGOUR AND VITALITY are Drained Away
Here's the QUICK, CERTAIN way to restore your
ENERGY AND STRENGTH

Life in the tropics has its pleasures. It also carries its pain: and penalties. Enervating days, sleepless nights sap your strength. Only too quickly you feel that exhausted too-old, worn-out feeling creeping on. Why wait until you become a real back number, when Dr. Cassell's Tablets will so quickly and surely re-vitalise your nervous system, restore your vigour and rejuvenate brain and body. Dr. Cassell's Tablets will bring you a new eager zest for work and a new thrill to share in pleasures that others enjoy. Dr. Cassell's Tablets provide the finest tonic for jaded nerves. They enrich the blood, restore vigour and vitality and ensure sound peaceful sleep. Dr. Cassell's Tablets rejuvenate your whole system and give you a new lease of happy, healthy life. Get a supply to-day.

Dr CASSELL'S TABLETS
E 377-48

Second Swell Week!
A GREAT DRAMA OF HUMAN COURAGE
Heralding the Ideals of New Age!
DOCTOR
NEW THEATRES' BEST OF '42
Starring:—PUNKAJ M., BHARATI, JYOTI PRAKASH etc.
AT
NEW WEST END
Daily 4, 7 & 9-45 P.M.

"Full of Humour and Wit"
TIMES OF INDIA.
NATIONAL'S
Nai Roshni
Starring
SARDAR AKHTAR & HARISH
9th WEEK at PATHE
& Daily at 3, 6 and 9 P.M.
ZANANA SHOW TO-DAY AT 12

A lovely little Gift

. this beautiful GIFT COFFRET—
In it you'll find four of the finest toilet soaps, including the first class 'Godrej No. 1' and the new, Big soap—'Vatni'. The gay colouring, and the excellent quality and lingering fragrance of the soaps will accent the sheer joy of giving. (And all this variety and gaiety for just one rupee!) Give this most likeable little gift to a friend or relative, or give one to yourself; (also available with the Godrej shaving stick) See it to-day at your store.
Godrej
'CHAVI' BRAND
ONE RUPEE INDIA 1935
Godrej VEGETABLE TOILET SOAPS
Gift Coffret — Godrej Soaps Ltd.
for Health and Beauty
GODREJ SOAPS, LTD.
Bombay (DeLisle Road)—Calcutta—Madras—Hyderabad (Dn.)
The pioneer makers of truly Swadeshi vegetable toilet soaps
Guaranteed 100% pure and free from animal fat.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

"I Remember"
By SIR TEJ BAHADUR SAPRU .
in the next Sunday edition of
The Bombay Chronicle
—And there's something about Sir Tej Bahadur on "The Last Page."
SUNDAY, JAN. 25.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 6, 1998
Muslim: Moharrum 4, 1361
Parsi: Amardad 20, 1311
Sunrise: 7-17 a.m.
Sunset: 6-24 p.m.
Hightide: 3-26, 15-55.
Lowtide: 9-45, 21-24.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS

RELIGION: Madame Sophia Wadia's lecture on "The Influence of Religion in Social Life" at Green's at 6-30 p.m.

"MY TRAVELS ABROAD": This is the subject of Lady Rama Rao's lecture at Marathi Municipal C. School, near Noor Baug, at 4-15 p.m., this will be followed by Principal Fyzee's lecture on "Marital rites of Muslim Women" at 5 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"My Life With Caroline": 4, 6-30 & 9-30.
REGAL—"Great Guns": 4, 6-30 & 9-30.
METRO—"Lady Be Good": 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Nothing But The Truth": 4, 6-30 & 9-30.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Ramparts We Watch" 4, 6-30 & 9-30.
LAMINGTON—"Chandan": 4, 7 & 10
PATHE—"Nai Roshni": 3-30, 6-30 & 10
ROXY—"Jhoola": 3, 6-30 & 9-45
WEST END—"Doctor": 4, 7 & 9-45
MINERVA—"Sikandar": 4, 7 & 10
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi": 4, 7 & 10
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj": 4, 7 & 10
OPERA HOUSE—"Dhandora": 3, 6 & 9
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu": 4, 6-30 & 9-30
NOVELTY—"Tulsi": 4, 7 & 10
EDWARD—"Bandhan": 4, 6-30 & 10
HINDMATA—"Darshan": 4-30, 7 & 10
PALACE—"Man Hunt": 4, 6-30 & 10
CHITRA—"Shadi": 4, 6-45 & 9-45
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi": 4-30, 7-15 & 10
BROADWAY—"Woman": 4-15 7 & 10
MAJESTIC—"Swami": 4, 7 & 10.

MR. ATRE'S LECTURE: Mr. P. K. Atre's public lecture on "Poems of Tilak" at 8-30 p.m. at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, New Nagpada. Poet Sopandeo Chowdhary presiding.

INSTITUTE OF OCCULT SCIENCES: Mr. A. M. Gaitonde's lecture on 'Astrology' at 6-15 p.m. in the hall of Suniti Girls' School, Parekh Street, Sandhurst Road.

A.R.P. COMMITTEE: A meeting of the A.R.P. Committee, Kurla, in the Kurla Estate Office at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

DR. AGARWAL'S LECTURE: Dr. Agarwal will deliver a lecture on "Perfect Eyesight Without Eye-glasses" at the Y.M.C.A. Reynold's Road, Byculla, at 6-45 p.m. today (Thursday).

DR. SUKHATME'S LECTURES: Dr. P. V. Sukhatme, M.Sc., Ph.D. D.Sc. (London), will deliver lectures in the Lecture Theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology, Fort, Bombay, to-day and to-morrow (Friday) at 5-30 p.m., on "Bi-Partitional Functions and their applications to sampling distributions in Statistics."
Prof. John Maclean will preside over both the lectures.

PARSI CENTRAL ASSOCIATION & POLITICAL LEAGUE: The annual general meeting of this institution will be held in the rooms of the Association and League, 107, Esplanade Road, at 6-15 p.m. Sir Cowasji Jehangir will preside.

'G' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE: An urgent meeting of the council of management and workers of the 'G' Ward D. C. C. will be held at 7 p.m. in the Congress Committee's office to fix the Independence Day programme.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: We have received the following:—A wall calendar from Pashabhai Patel and Co; a wall calendar from Kagal Laxman Anant Pai and Bros. and a wall calendar from Tata Oil Mills Co.

THREE ADDRESSES TO SHETH MANEKLAL CHUNILAL
Andheri, January 21
To-day at 8-30 p.m. in the presence of about 15,000 Jains, Sheth Manekla1 Chunilal, the inaugurator of grand religious ceremony, was presented with three addresses from Andheri Jain Sangh, (2) Updhanwailas and Jain Volunteer Corps at the hands of Nagarsheth Popatlal Dharshibhai of Jamnagar.

LATE MR. B. P. SAMANT: Glowing tributes to the admirable qualities of the late Mr. B. P. Samant were paid at a condolence meeting held under the auspices of the Association of Indian Advertising Agencies on Tuesday evening. The condolence resolution moved by Mr. Sista from the chair was passed, all standing. Advertising men mustered strong, many agencies Indian and foreign being represented. Mr. Sitaram, Mr. Kamath, Mr. Rao and others spoke on the occasion.

FLAG SALUTATION AT MATUNGA
"Do not get panicky but brave danger and serve people at any cost" this was the advise given by Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary of B. P. C. C. while performing the flag salutation ceremony under the auspices of Shree Shantiniketan Mitra Mandal on Wednesday morning at Matunga. Mr. Jyotindra Mazumdar thanked the President.

CALENDAR CONCERT.
BOMBAY, Wednesday.
The Calendar Concert in aid of the Four Charities Calendar Scheme came off this evening at the Capitol Cinema before a large audience. A fairly good programme of music deligated the audience.
Mrs. Bapsy Sabavala, the chief organises of the concert announced that about Rs. 3,000 were collected through the sale of tickets. She thanked all who had helped her in her efforts to make the concert successful.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL HINDI PRACHAR SABHA: Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Hindi Prachar Sabha, a public function for distributing certificates to the successful candidates from the Girgaon Centre at the August 1941 Exams. of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, was held under the presidentship of Syt. Samaldas Gandhi, editor 'Vande Mataram', on Sunday last at the Aryan Education Society School Hall.
After the introduction of the President and the guest of honour Janab A. K. Salebhai by Syt. Kamlesh the Prachar Mantri, Syt. Kantilal Joshi the Prabandh Mantri gave a detailed account of the work of the Sabha which has made a steady progress ever since its inception in 1935 with Syt. Jamnalal Bajaj as president and Mrs. Perin Captain as Secretary.
In the end, Syt. V. V. Kale, the Kendravyavasthapak of the Girgaon centre thanked the guests.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER ELECTIONS.
BOMBAY, Wednesday.
The election of the committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber for the year 1942 took place this evening at the office of the Chamber opposite the Churchgate Station. For 23 seats, there were 28 contestants, and hence brisk canvassing was witnessed at the time of the election.
The scrutiny, will take place on Thursday morning and the results declared thereafter.
Mr. J. C. Setalvad and Mr. Haridas Madhavdas have already been elected President and Vice-President respectively. They will therefore be the ex-officio members of the committee.

PCONA'S CIVIL DEFENCE
(From Our Correspondent).
POONA: January 21.
Poona will soon have a complete scheme of 'Non-official Civil Defence,' in which every citizen is expected to play his role and discharge the responsibilities. Every effort is being made to make the project a non-party affair and the City Congress Committee is taking a lead into the matter. At a meeting of the City Congress Committee last evening it was decided to divide the city into various suitable divisions and entrust the task of organising civil defence to a small group of responsible men drawn from all the parties.

Mr. Jehangir S. Chiniwalla
On Wednesday Mr. Jehangir Sorabji Chiniwalla, was enrolled as an Advocate of the Original Side of the High Court.

BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OP. DECLARES 20 P. C. DIVIDEND.
Thirty-sixth ordinary general meeting of the Bombay Swadeshi Co-operative Stores Co. Ltd. was held at the Company's office, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road on Wednesday evening, with Mr. Jadi C. Tyabjee in the chair.
The Directors' report, which was adopted by the meeting showed a year of prosperity and increasing sales, resulting in a net profit of Rs. 29,561-10-1.
A dividend of Rs. 2 per share or 20 per cent on the face value was declared. The budget also makes a provision of Rs 5,000 to be distributed as bonus to the members of the staff.
In moving the adoption of the report the Chairman said that the Company's store, which was run on the most modern and up-to-date lines, and was well stocked with materials, whether it be textiles, presentation articles or novelties, had become a fashionable shopping centre for not only the residents of Bombay but also of the mofussil.
Mr. Jamnadas Ramdas and Mr. J. M. Kamdar, who retired by rotation were re-elected directors of the Company.

HUSEIN DAY STAMPS.
The following has been issued by Hussain Day Committee:—This Moharrum it will be 1300th anniversary of the noble sacrifice of Husein, the world's greatest martyr. Husein Day Committees throughout India are striving to commemorate this occasion on a grand scale. With a view that this occasion should be commemorated at each and every place either near or far with the same enthusiasm that it deserves and to carry on the propaganda of this object, the Husein Day Committee of Bombay has found out a best medium, viz: printed tickets which can be affixed on every letter to be posted.
Tickets are available at the following:—(1) Hasanally Brothers, Chackla Street, Bombay 3. (2) T. F. Haidari, Esq., 77, Ibrahim Rahimtoola Road, Bombay 9.

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, JAN. 22.

Delhi I—Programme
356.6 metres (840 kc/s)
4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops in the Far East. 5 Sham ke Rag 5-20 Goardhan Dass. 5-35 Veena recital. 5-50 Parmanand. 6-15 G. S. Morghode. 6-30 If They Lived To-day. 2: Talk in Hindustani on Chanakya. 6-45 For Villagers Only. 7-45 The Urge of the Masses. 8: Talk in Hindustani. 8 Rajalaxmi Mohan Rao (Vocal). 8-15 Sukhdev Prasad. 8-50 News from Berlin relayed from Lahore 8-45 Bhajan Lal: Geet. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Goardhan Dass. 9-55 Listening Post: Talk relayed from B B C. 10 Umra Zia Begam. 10-10 G. S. Morghode. 10-30 Parmanand.

Bombay I—Programme
244 metres (1,230 kc/s)
8 a.m. S. Biniwale: Violin 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 G. N. Joshi. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Sumati Daru. 9-20 D. H. Deodhar. 9-30 Instrumental duet. 9-40 Saraswati Bai Faterpekar. 12-30 p.m. Vocal Variety. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Orchestral Melodies 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music 4 15 School Broadcast. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 Haribhau Ghangrekar. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Brahmanand Bhajan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 A. Kerkar: Dilruba. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Sumati Daru. 6-45 D. H. Deodhar. 7 Gujaratis Abroad: Rangoon: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 G. N. Joshi. 7-45 News commentary in Marathi. 7-50 A I R Chorus Party. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 News from Berlin: Talk relayed from Lahore. 8-45 March of Time: A Flashback of World's News in Hindustani. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 Vere Da Silva: Violin 10-10 Webster Booth with Orchestra. 10-15 to 10-45 Play House.

Bombay II—Programme
41.44 metres (8,940 kc/s)
8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 S. Biniwale; Violin. 8-15 Tarana Todi 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Haribhau Ghangrekar. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
4-15 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 D. H. Deodhar. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.
89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)
7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Saraswati Bai Faterpekar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 A I R Orchestra. 9-10 Haribhau Ghangrekar. 9-35 G. N. Joshi. 9-50 Saraswati Bai Faterpekar. 10-15 to 10-45 As in Bombay 1.

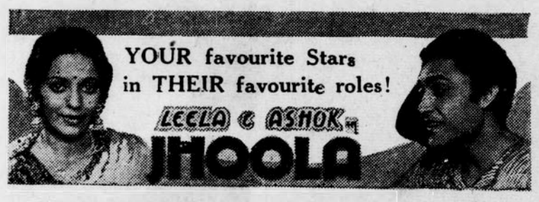
IN 1826...
The Choice of our Ancestors
HUNTLEY & PALMERS
famous
BISCUITS
will be the choice of the Future
SHIPMENTS WILL BE RESUMED WHEN WAR CONDITIONS PERMIT!

★BEST..

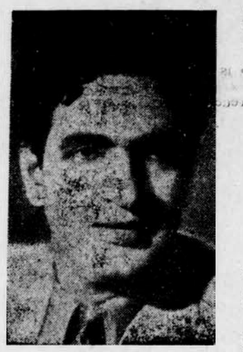
BECAUSE THEY ARE AIR-CONDITIONED

AIR-CONDITIONED tobacco is matured in air-conditioned warehouses, expertly blended and fashioned into cigarettes In National's air-conditioned factory where dust and all harmful particles are removed by a special extractor machine.
OBTAINABLE PLAIN OR CORK TIPPED

2½ annas for 10 Cigarettes
12 annas for 50 Cigarettes
CARAVAN
the AIR CONDITIONED Cigarette
NATIONAL TOBACCO COMPANY OF INDIA LIMITED
NCE 15



BOMBAY TALKIES' PICTURE
Daily 3, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
ROXY


HE MADE THE RICH COME CLOSER TO THE POOR
In NATIONAL'S
Garib
the picture with the National appeal
Co-starring:
SURENDRA and ROSE
Supported by
VEENA KUMARI, SANKATHA, QUAYAMALI, ANSARI, etc.
Directed by:
RAMCHANDRA THAKUR
"A MEHBOOB Production"
PREMIERE at
PATHE
ON SATURDAY, 31st January.

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The Bombay Chronicle

CHOICE FOR MR. CHURCHILL

In the latest issue of the "New India Survey" of the 15th instant Dr. G. S. Arundale, who is in no sense a carping critic of Britain, comments rather caustically on the series of muddles in the East, "the muddles of the Malay Peninsula, of Hong Kong, of the two battleships, and the constant muddle, and a dangerous muddle too, with regard to India." Somebody urged the excuse that Britain could not be strong on every front, an excuse which itself illustrates the muddle-headedness. At least India can be as strong as Britain desires or permits, if there is an end of the constant muddle-headedness here. In an intelligent anticipation of the results of the muddle-headedness Dr. Arundale said: "Mr. Churchill's stock has obviously slumped since he has been in Washington, and he will find on his return home a House of Lords and a House of Commons far less amenable than they have ever been before." The latter House has already begun to be restive, as may be seen from the heckling of the Premier on the India policy. He was himself rather apologetic in his answers, at any rate less imperious than he used to be about Indian matters. But as yet there is no sign of dawning sanity to replace the constant muddle-headedness.

Muddle-Headedness

A touch of muddle-headedness is evident even now in the Premier's remark on the Indian leaders' cable to him that he is "not sure that the raising of far-reaching constitutional issues at this time when the enemy is so near the gates of India is advantageous." He cannot yet grasp the idea that far-reaching constitutional ideas need to be raised for the very reason that the enemy is at the gate, and that in any case it may be more dangerous to put off these issues. Perhaps he has made the above remark to induce the leaders who sent him the cable to moderate their demands further. We have already shown how these leaders have compromised the resolutions of the Liberal Federation and the Non-Party Conference by quietly dropping the demand for a Declaration promising self-government to India within a fixed period after the war. They have further compromised the general demand of the people by suggesting that, if there cannot be autonomy in the provinces, there may be more Indian non-official Advisers from among those who are "willing." If the leaders have done all this to make their appeals more acceptable to Mr. Churchill, they have now the satisfaction to learn that he has not ignored them as he did the Congress terms. He has graciously promised to "give attention to the suggestions made and give an answer in a form which can be made public." It is, of course, understood—and intelligible to the students of the early British history in Bengal—that the confidential form of the answer will be different from that meant for the public.

What India Wants

In what direction the official mind is moving towards a settlement with India may be gauged from the observations of our New Delhi correspondent who says: "Unfortunately, efforts are being made to sidetrack the issue by utilising the loophole offered in Sapru's appeal, viz., the appointment of non-official advisers in provinces and further Indianizing the Viceroy's Council together with the appointment of an Indian Defence Member. The view is said to be that, instead of trying the difficult task of bringing the Congress and the Muslim League together for forming Government at the Centre, opportunity may now be seized for enlarging the present Council of the Viceroy further, secondly, promising complete Indianization and, thirdly, giving them as much scope for their policies as possible, so that they may not come into clash with the legislature, and they may be in a position to build up influence with the public. Official mind is said to be moving in this direction." If that is all the response of Britain to the demands from India, Government may as well know in advance that Congess cannot possibly co-operate with them. Mr. Rajagopalachari, who is struggling hard to bring about an honourable settlement between the two countries in face of misrepresentation by many in his own camp, has reiterated in a press statement the terms on which Congress can effectively co-operate with Government. "The first step," he says, "must be a declaration of India's status of freedom. This has to be followed by its immediate application as far as is possible in order to give the people effective control of the governance of India, including India's defence." Then only, he points out, is it possible to create "the psychological condition which can lead to popular support and defence organisation such as can withstand the shocks and tactics of modern war." India will have her freedom before long. It is for Mr. Churchill to choose whether it should be through a settlement with India or otherwise.

Lighting Restrictions

The Bombay Police have been given instructions to begin the rigorous enforcement of the lighting restriction orders with effect from the night of Monday next. But the public are warned that this does not preclude the police from prosecuting offenders during the intervening period. The position during the intervening period is rather uncertain. It is not clear whether in this period a lower standard of obscuration will be insisted upon or whether only the worst offenders will be prosecuted. Many of our policemen are curious and seem inclined to "show" what they can do with men who are self-assertive and argue with them. Even with regard to the period commencing on Monday next some restrictions are not clear enough. The main rule for buildings is as follows: "No light shall be used in any building or part of a building or any premises appurtenant to such building or part or in any vehicle unless it is so placed or is so screened by an opaque shade or by thick black or dark coloured material that no direct or reflected ray of light or glare emanating from it is visible from any angle outside the building or vehicle." The words "ray of light, or glare" suggest that suffused light, is permitted, provided it is not so bright as to be glaring. Is it so or is it that not even suffused light should be visible from any angle outside the building? Secondly, is it enough that the light itself is within the permitted limits or is it necessary that over and above this the shade used must be completely opaque?

If the latter condition, too, is obligatory, the rule about opaqueness makes it very hard, indeed. That rule is: "Lamp shades must be completely opaque, i.e., you should not be able to discern whether a light is on or off when looking at it through the shade." Hundreds of shades of only brown paper are now in evidence which do not satisfy this rigorous condition. We know of at least one police station which still uses such shades. Probably the rule is not meant to be strictly enforced before Monday next but will be so enforced thereafter. And it may be so with regard to other rules, too. If so, the doubtful points which we have pointed out and other similar ones need to be clearly elucidated well before the strict enforcement begins. We would suggest that the authorities concerned should publish, gratis or for a nominal price, a pamphlet containing all the lighting orders in a consolidated form together with explanations of all doubtful points. It is not enough to leave the work of explanation entirely to individual policemen or A. R. P. workers. They have given conflicting explanations before and may do so hereafter. In any case, for some days at least, prosecutions should be suspended and, even after this period, they should be launched only in cases where a previous warning has been ignored.

Zonal Pentangular

We are glad to learn that Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, proposes to place his scheme for the Zonal Pentangular before the meeting of the Board to-day. Needless to mention, we are in full sympathy with the proposal. It has been before the public for quite a long time. Dr. Subbaroyan has rightly observed that it possesses all the virtues of the Bombay Pentangular without its communal virus. In view of the present communal tension in the country, we earnestly hope the Board of Control will accept the proposal. If there be any difference of opinion in matters of detail, it can be easily settled by discussion. It is a great opportunity for Bombay and the Cricket Club of India. They should welcome the change of complexion of their favourite festival at this psychological moment when the feeling against communal sport is growing in various parts of the country, as it is in Bombay. It is sure to be a great boon to this city in the long run.

As for the proposed ban against players who participate in the communal matches and tournaments in the future, we do not see any objection to it. It is a very common thing for the controlling bodies in sport in all parts of the world to take disciplinary action against players who take part in unauthorised competitions. The period of suspension may, however, be fixed with a definite time limit, instead of the duration of one's life. As a first step, the Board of Control should direct all affiliated associations to refuse sanction to all communal tournaments. If that is done, there will be few occasions for drastic action. We are confident that once the decision is taken by the national body, none of the provincial associations will dare to violate it. Whatever heart-burning there may be among the supporters of communal sport at the beginning, it is bound to cool down soon with the progress of the Zonal Pentangular and the Ranji Trophy.

As the debates on these two questions are sure to be of great public interest, may we suggest to the President of the Board of Control that its meeting may be thrown open to the press?

Frankly Speaking

Nazis And Turkey

According to an Istanbul report, Turkey is calling up army, navy and airforce reservists of 26 and 27 years' age on February 22 for exercises and training, although the report also adds that recently "twelve classes of reservists were given leave." This report was immediately followed by an Ankara cable that "it is rumoured that von Ribbentrop may visit Ankara very shortly." There may be little of actual significance in either of these reports. But they do emphasise the potentialities of the Turkish position. On their side, the Turks are obviously taking no chances in protecting their neutrality and independence from possible attempts to violate them. But the Germans, in their desperate desire to secure a new convenient route to the Middle East, will use all their arts of threats and cajolery to persuade the Turks to yield to them.

A Chinese Warning

It is instructive to note that India would have known nothing of Mr. Sun Fo Sun's sensational warning were it not for the Australian Premier's sombre reference to it. Mr. Sun Fo Sun, Dr. Sun Yat Sen's son and one of the leaders of Chungking, is reported to have declared that if America and Britain did not take the Pacific situation much more seriously than they do now and allowed Japan to establish herself in the South Seas, China, deprived of support and supplies, would be compelled to sue for peace. If that happened, it would be a terrible tragedy for "the United Nations" and might well lose them a war which was saved by a sheer miracle in the spring of 1940. We do not believe, however, that the Chinese leader was doing more than giving expression to a feeling of deep but justified bitterness and anxiety over the manner in which China's Allies are treating a vital front in this war. China has fought too long, too heroically and too successfully to surrender to Japan because of Anglo-American indifference. Secondly, China's Allies—and Russia too—cannot afford to let her go out of the war. They know the consequences of it.

Reinforcements Not Words

But Mr. Sun Fo Sun's warning is welcome in the sense that it is calculated to shock America and Britain into realising the possible results of their present attitude. It will powerfully implement the urgent representations that have been made and are being made by Mr. Curtin and Doctor Van Mook. Mr. Churchill, who is shortly to make a statement in Parliament on the war situation, will have to deal with these anxieties as also with criticisms of the tragic unpreparedness of Britain. And he will have to give concrete assurances. The situation demands not words, however thrilling, but men, material, warships and aircraft. These, let us hope, are coming. Communiques reveal increased and quite successful activity by American and British aircraft, and there is a Japanese report of the arrival in the Singapore zone of three allied battleships. If reinforcements for land, sea and air, have really been sent Singapore and the Netherlands East Indies can be saved.

Important Issue

In his statement on U. Saw's detention, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari raises an important issue. U. Saw was the Premier of Burma who "held his office under the command of the people of Burma in the same manner as Mr. Churchill holds his high office." Can he be detained summarily "in violation of all natural justice and international convention"? The British Government ought in justice and in constitutional propriety, to bring him to trial and publish all the facts relating to his alleged contact with Japan and his alleged admission. A few cryptic words from Downing Street are not sufficient. The British Government must prove their case—if there is a case—in public.

"Get Rid Of Western Domination"

MAHATMA DEPRECATES PREDOMINANCE OF ENGLISH AT BENARES UNIVERSITY

BENARES, Jan. 21.

Tremendous ovation greeted Mahatma Gandhi when he rose to address the Convocation of the Benares University.

Paying a warm tribute to Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Mahatma Gandhi declared: "Great as had been his (Pandit Malaviya's) contribution to the public life of the country his greatest achievement was the Benares University."

The cause of the University had been dear to his own heart and he (Gandhiji) had offered his services however humble whenever Pandit Malaviya claimed them.

Proceeding Mahatma Gandhi recalled his presence on the occasion of the foundation ceremony of the University twenty-five years ago and remarked amid laughter that he had not then been described as a Mahatma and those of them as did use that appellation, he later discovered, had intended Mahatma Munshiram, later known as Swami Shradhanand.

Pandit Malaviya, remarked Mahatma Gandhi, was the greatest among the proud and successful beggars and his devotion to a calling which he adopted in the cause of the University could be judged even now, when he appealed for the modest sum of only five crores.

WHY ENGLISH?

Addressing the students and teachers of the University, Mahatma Gandhi hoped he would be excused by them for his outspokenness when he criticised them for choosing English as the medium of expression of their thoughts. He would have been satisfied if Hindi, Hindustani, Urdu, Sanskrit or any other Indian language had been employed on this occasion. There was hardly any sense in blaming Englishmen for their treatment of India when we hugged like slaves their language pathetically". Asked Mahatma Gandhi: "What further proof of our degeneration could there be than the farce of our feeling elated over the compliment from an Englishman that we spoke English so very faultlessly? And then these were very few men like Pandit Malaviya and Sir Radhakrishnan, who can just claim such a proficiency".

JAPAN'S EXAMPLE

Proceeding Mahatma Gandhi quoted the instance of Japan which had become a challenge to the west not slavishly following everything western but learning the best of the west through their own language. This business of crossing the hurdle of the English language before anybody could learn anything, he declared, was a game not worth the candle and dissipated the energy of the nation's youth which could otherwise be much more usefully employed. He added it was typical of the traditions of tolerance and courtesy that when the country's great men continued to address the masses in English, they were not mobbed by the people but were listened to with patience. He expressed his sense of disappointment at the predominance of English even at the Benares University.

WANT OF DISCIPLINE

Referring to the earlier noise and commotion among the audience owing to certain sections of the audience being unable to get a view of the dais, Mahatma Gandhi said he had observed that the students did not show any sense of order and discipline. Why should this be, he asked, when they were educated. He thought that this was probably because their education had weighed too heavily on them and had the effect of smothering them.

Proceeding Mahatma Gandhi deprecated the tendency to Persianise Urdu and Sanskritise Hindi. He appealed to them to abandoned this attitude and evolve simple Hindustani, which could be commonly understood.

He had no very high notions of Indian Universities, which for the most part were like blotting papers of the western outlook.

FRATERNISE

While Oxford and Cambridge carried the tradition of their universities wherever they went Indian Universities were found wanting in this respect. Did they of the Benares Hindu University fraternise with those of Aligarh University? Did the students of the Hindu University forget their angularities of Provinces and culture and forge something distinctive of their own with the spirit of catholicity, which was the heritage of Hinduism throughout the ages? If they could answer this in the affirmative then indeed could their 'alma mater' be proud of them and they could be trusted with the privilege of extending to the world a message of peace, goodwill and humanity.—A. P.

RUSSIANS RECAPTURE MOJAISK

Last Nazi Threat To Moscow Removed: Berlin Admits Break In Upper Donetz Front

MOSCOW, Jan. 21.

The Soviet night 'communique' states: "During January 20 our troops continued to press the German Fascist troops to the west.

The enemy is sustaining heavy losses.

Our units occupied the town of Mojaisk.

Prisoners were taken. On January 19, 16 German planes were destroyed. We lost five planes."

Mojaisk lies some 60 miles west of Moscow and was the nearest point the Germans ever reached in their drive to the Russian capital along the Moscow road.

A Soviet midnight communique on Tuesday stated that the city fell after bitter hand to hand to street-fighting which raged amidst flickering flames and swirling smoke from blazing buildings. Its recapture means that the last German threat to Moscow has been removed.

A further 150 inhabited localities on the Moscow front have been cleared of the enemy says the "Red Star" correspondent on Wednesday morning.

The enemy is being simultaneously dislodged from the Tula region and from a considerable portion of Smolensk and other regions, the correspondent says.

How Mojaisk Was Taken

Lt.-Gen. Govcrkov, the conqueror of Mojaisk, the nearest German stronghold to Moscow has told the war correspondent of the 'Pravda' how his troops took the town at 6-30 (B.S.T.) on Monday morning, states the Moscow radio. Gen. Govorkov, said: "On Monday morning my troops entered Mojaisk. The second stage of the offensive operation in the Mojaisk direction which began as early as December has been completed. The first stage consisted in the annihilation of the enemy in the Zvenigorod area. The enemy troops which had approached Zvenigorod were routed by us and thrown back. On January 10 the units of Commander Polotukhin broke through the enemy defence lines in the area south of Kublina. This success was obtained by means of an artillery offensive, which allowed our infantry to overcome the exceptionally intense defensive fire put up by the enemy.

"The Germans attempted to make a stand on an intermediate line of defence. Some of the strong points of this line were bypassed and thus overcome by our troops, who carried out this operation by marching over trackless land. Our infantry infiltrated with great skill in areas between villages and advanced across fields and woods in 54 degrees of frost. They penetrated into the rear of the villages occupied by the Germans and cut their supply lines, causing a panic in enemy ranks.

FROM DOROKHOVO TO MOJAISK

Describing the battle, the Moscow radio stated that early today "having inflicted a serious defeat on the enemy near Dorokhovo, our troops continued to pursue the enemy towards Mojaisk.

The two approaches to Mojaisk were girdled by the Germans with powerful defence lines. Our troops as the result of skilful outflanking manoeuvres broke through these defences and overcoming the enemy's resistance approached Mojaisk itself.

LITTERED WITH NAZI BODIES

Devastating fire from Soviet artillery inflicted colossal losses on the Germans. The whole defence belt around Mojaisk is covered with huge craters littered with German bodies. German troops stationed in the town received orders not to surrender on any account.

The Soviet infantry nevertheless broke through from the south-west and occupied the station.

The Red Flag was hoisted by Comrade Koltunov, of the Communist Party on a building of the town and Mojaisk once again became a Soviet town. In occupying Mojaisk our units captured a large quantity of booty. The streets are littered with lorries, guns, machine-guns, and other arms abandoned by the Germans. Our units have set free 100 wounded Red Army prisoners.

Soviet troops are continuing to drive the enemy beyond Mojaisk".

LONDON:—It is too soon to say what effect this will have on the German positions generally in the Central front or whether it will be followed by extensive German withdrawal in the direction of Viasma. The Russians also announced the capture of Ostachevo and it is thought in London that this probably refers to Ostashnov, which lies on the southern edge of Lake Selinger on the main railway from Moscow to Leningrad. It is just west of the furthest point reached by the Germans in that sector.

A German Communique states that on the Donetz front yesterday there was again bitter fighting. Hostile forces which had pierced German lines on the upper course of the river were thrown back in a counter-attack.

In the central and northern sectors 'the enemy continued his attacks.'

Repeated Soviet attacks in the Valdai hills district (north-west of Moscow) were mentioned by the German radio today. It was claimed that the attacks were repulsed.

HEAVY NAZI CASUALTIES.

A supplement to the midday Soviet Communique says: "During the occupation of the town of Vereya 20 miles south of Mojaisk, Red Army men commanded by Efremov captured according to incomplete data, eleven German Tanks 46 guns, 87 machine-guns, 24 trench-mortars, over 1,000 mines and a large quantity of other military equipment. Over 3,000 bodies of German officers and men remained on the field of action."

GERMAN TOLL TO TYPHUS.

LONDON: The Foreign Secretary Mr. Eden, told the Commons that there had been a marked increase in typhus on the German side of the Russian front and in eastern and south eastern Europe. "No statistics of the number of cases can be obtained", added Mr. Eden. "From motives which will be understood, the German authorities prefer to keep these figures secret."

Chinese Army Journal Urges Moscow To Take Initiative

CHUNGKING, Jan. 21.

The new military alliance between Germany, Italy and Japan is directed against Soviet Russia, declares the Chinese army newspaper "Sao Tang Pao", to-day. It urges Russia "to take the initiative against Japan and forestall a combined Japanese and German offensive against her". The proposal that the Chinese forces should immediately attack Indo-China and Thailand to support the defenders of Singapore is made by the influential Chinese Daily paper "Takung Pao".—Reuter.

NAZIS HAD PLANNED TO BURN (MOJAISK)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The "Pravada" says:— "It is now evident that the Germans intended on the 20th January to burn the town (Mojaisk) completely and to blow up the main buildings but our troops by occupying the town prevented the Germans executing this plan.

R. A. M. C. To Admit Non-Br. Europeans

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

It has been decided to throw open the Royal Army Medical Corps in India to medical practitioners of non-enemy European descent, whether British subjects or not, says a Press Note.

These doctors will be eligible for Emergency Commissions in the service on the same terms and conditions as apply to British subjects of pure European descent, provided their qualifications are considered by the Director of Medical Services in India to be of a standard compatible with those registrable in the United Kingdom. The D.M.S. in India at general headquarters will be responsible for selecting candidates.

Further, such alien medical practitioners of enemy origin, who are able to satisfy the military authorities in India regarding their suitability will also be considered for appointment in military hospitals as "civil medical practitioners".—A. P.

COMMUNALISM IN CRICKET

BOMBAY, January 21.

The Working Committee of the Board of Control for Cricket in India met to-day under the presidentship of Dr. P. Subbaroyan.

Discussion centred round the resolution of Maharajkumar Sir Vijaya of Vijayanagaram against the Pentangular, when, it is understood, the President of the Board of Control made it known that he would give a ruling in favour of the resolution being 'intra vires' to-morrow, which led to the discussion. The resolution is likely to be moved in two parts firstly that communal cricket is undesirable, which commands all-round support from practically all the Associations, following Bengal's attitude, but it is stated that the second part penalising the players participating therein is likely to be thrown out for want of a seconder.—A.P.

INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

(CONTRIBUTED)

The Shreemati Nathibai Damodar Thackersey Indian Women's University celebrates its Silver Jubilee on the 1st of February 1942, when Dr. Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, will be the chief guest.

The University is an All-India institution conducting at its own expense four institutions—a College and a High School at Poona, and a College and a High School at Bombay. Besides these four institutions, the University has 21 institutions affiliated to it, the majority of which are receiving grant-in-aid from the University. Of these 21 two are Arts Colleges—one at Ahmedabad and the other at Baroda,—one Primary Teachers' Training College at Hingne (Poona), and 17 High Schools and one Middle School situated in Ahmedabad, Baroda, Belgaum, Bhavnagar, Bombay, Hingne, Hyderabad (Deccan), Larkana, Malvan, Nagpur, Rajkot, Ratnagiri, Sangli, Satara, Sholapur, Surat and Wai.

During the regime of Lord Brabourne, the Government of Bombay gave a grant-in-aid of rupees fifty thousand, and was instrumental in securing a similar grant of a like amount from the Government of India for the acquisition of the plots of land with a building at Carnegy Road, which cost rupees two lacs and a half. The High Schools affiliated to the University are receiving grant-in-aid from the Educational Department, and the Government of Bombay have been pleased to award an annual recurring grant of rupees five thousand to the University. The University is also in receipt of a donation of one-lac of rupees in Government Promissory Notes from the Seth Gordhandas Khetsi Trust for erecting a College Building at Bombay.

The University authorities are looking forward to the establishment of a separate College for Domestic Science and Medical faculty if funds permit. It hopes to have a fine hostel at Bombay for College going students.

DONATIONS FOR WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY

The Indian Women's University, Bombay, announces receipt of donations amounting to Rs. 12,7018 so far.

ROTARY IDEALS IN PERIL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"Rarely, have international brotherhood and goodwill been in greater peril. Every ideal of Rotary is being trampled under foot by the Axis Powers but the forces of justice are surely mobilising and out of much tribulation and suffering there will emerge a world purged of cruelty, pride and selfishness," declared His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in a message to the annual conference of the 89th District of Rotary International which met at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Bombay, today.

Sir Roger Lumley was to have inaugurated the Conference but did not do so owing to court mourning for the death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught.

The Mayor of Bombay, Dr. J. A. Collaco, in extending a civic welcome to the delegates, remarked that the noble ideal of Rotary of breaking down the barriers which soundered man from man and race from race, by creating and promoting a sense of fellowship and solidarity, needed all the greater support and incentive in the critical days through which humanity was passing.

In his presidential address Rotary District Governor Dr. H. M. Desai referred to the progress made by Rotary and said: "Though no country has a greater need for Rotary than India, with its diversity of castes, creeds and languages, there is a big handicap in the way of extension in clubs and members.

During the afternoon a number of papers were read. The papers read were 'Rotary Club of Bhopal' by Mr. H. P. Hinchcliff, 'Participation in Post-War World Reorganisation' by Dr. H. Phillipi, 'Inter-City Meetings' by Mr. R. Natarjan, 'The Club Assembly' by Mr. M. P. Patel, 'Post-War Reconstruction' by Mr. M. R. Meher, 'International Auxiliary Language' by Diwan Bahadur N. C. Limaye and 'Bifurcation of the 89th Rotary District' by Mr. A. Gardiner.

Daring R.A.F. Raid On Nazi Warship

LONDON, January 21.

The Air Ministry announces that aircraft of the Bomber Command attacked the port of Emden last night and started many fires.

Four of our aircraft are missing.

Details of a daring attack on the 'Scharnhorst' at Brest are given in London today by Wing-Commander G. G. Barrett. Speaking on the work of the Coastal Command he said the 'Scharnhorst' had always been a favourite target and it was upon her that the most daring torpedo attack of the war was made. "As dawn was breaking a single Beaufort dashed into Brest harbour skimmed the water at A height of some 30 feet in intensive anti-aircraft fire hopped over the mole, which protected the ship, and dropped its torpedo. The guns of the ship and more shore batteries opened up and the Beaufort faced what was probably the heaviest concentration of fire brought against a single aircraft at such short range. It is believed that the torpedo scored a direct hit, but unhappily the aircraft was shot down and the crew of four killed."

BERLIN:—On the night of January 20, British aircraft dropped bombs in the north-west German coastal region. —Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Italy will sacrifice everything to fight against the common enemies of Japan and Germany in a common front with Japan and Germany."

—Signor Mussolini to the War Lords of Tokyo.

* * *

Mr. Winston Churchill has promised the House of Commons that he would shortly reply to the communication from Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and other prominent Indians.

It is, however, not quite true that a certain Indian Great Leader—headquarters at Bombay—is already preparing to sit back and smile.

* * *

The suggestion has again been revived in London that Sir Stafford Cripps is visiting India as a preliminary to taking up the office of Mr. Amery.

This is now really becoming troublesome. We hope Mr. Churchill, in answering Dr. Sapru, will take the opportunity of effectively disposing of such silly suggestions.

* * *

Speaking at Delhi, the Hon. Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, ex-Working President of the Hindu Mahasabha and Bengal Minister, said that 'if the Congress wanted to frame a constitution they should see that the interests of the Hindu population did not suffer'.

And what does colleague Fazlul Huq say?

* * *

Among those who have criticised Sir Victor Sassoon for the latter's solution of the Indian problem is the European leader Mr. Chapman Mortimer, M.L.A., (Central).

But Mr. Chapman Mortimer at least ought to have realised that a great deal must be forgiven poor worried Sir Victor in the present circumstances.

* * *

Says Air Under-Secretary Balfour: "It remains Britain's policy to strike at Germany as hard and as often as she can".

Yes, it remains.

By the way, the Japanese ought to feel gratefully relieved.

* * *

American Army bombers have again scored against the Japanese by destroying a cruiser and a tanker.

Let us touch wood and hope that things are really warming up.

* * *

According to the Berlin correspondent of a Swedish paper, more German commanders have been ill on the Eastern Front.

Supreme Commander Hitler, however, remains quite healthy and in the pink of condition for marching vigorously westwards.

* * *

Talking of illnesses, another serious case, if not epidemic, of anoplexy or at least pneumonia is impending.

The Russians have officially announced that they have captured Mojaisk.

* * *

A Madrid paper suggests that the Germans will imitate Japanese strategy in the Mediterranean i.e., attack Gibraltar by land.

They would. But the difficulty, as M. Lozovsky would say, is that Herr Hitler has caught a bear and the bear wouldn't let him go.

* * *

This reminds us of the following telegram sent to the Fuhrer by General Franco about the middle of October last:—

"In my own name, and in the name of the Spanish people, I should like to send you my enthusiastic congratulations for the final and decisive victory of the glorious German Army over the enemy of civilisation".

* * *

Wife: "Did you post that letter for me, darling?

Husband: "Very nearly, sweetheart. I'll try again to-morrow.

Death Of Muslim Leader Of Khandesh

(From A Correspondent).

NASIRABAD, Jan. 19.

Kazi Saheb of Nasirabad expired last night at the age of ninety. He was a founder of the Anjuman Islam Khandesh and had rendered great services to the cause of Muslim education in this district. He established the Urdu Central School at Nasirabad. He did lot of service to the District Education Society and gave lot of money to it. He also played a dominant part in the political affairs of this district. He was an advocate of Hindu-Muslim unity. He has left a trust for the promotion of Islamic education. He leaves behind him a daughter and a son Kazi Mazher Ali who is a devoted worker in the cause of nationalism, and Muslim religious education. A very large number of all the communities attended his funeral ceremony.

Resolutions For Second Parsi Youth Conference

The Second Parsi Youth Conference will be held on Saturday, the 24th and Sunday, the 25th instant at Sir C. J. Hall, under the presidentship of Lady Cowasji Jehangir. Sardar Khan Bahadur Dastur Naushirwan Dastur Kaikobad will inaugurate it at 5-0 p.m.

Prof. Rustom Choksi will deliver his speech as the Chairman of the Reception Committee. A number of very good speakers move various resolutions of far reaching importance. There are in all six resolutions before the Conference dealing with educational physical welfare, social unlift, simplicity in forms of religion and Parsis and national life.

Hundreds of youths have became delegates and the Conference will prove highly beneficial.

C.-IN-C. MEETS PRESSMEN

NEW DELHI, January 21.

General Sir Alan Hartley, the new Commander-in-Chief, India, who arrived in Delhi on Monday morning today met Press correspondents.—A. P.

ALIGARH CONVOCATION

ALIGARH, Jan. 21.

The Chancellor of Aligarh University has fixed February 7 for the annual Convocation of the University. H. H. the ruler of Rampur, Pro-Chancellor will preside at the Convocation.—A. P.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

The Archbishop of Canterbury has RESIGNED. This must have some significance because I think it is almost without precedent. Hitherto affairs of the Church have been kept out of politics and 'vice-versa', but the Archbishop of Canterbury had shown a definite tendency of having a say in matters of State. The most glaring occasion was when the ex-King Edward wanted to marry Mrs. Simpson and the Archbishop had expressed himself in a manner which had surprised a number of English people. I remember how James Douglas in the "Daily Express" asked whether the venom in the Archbishop's remarks was in keeping with the Christian principles of which he was the chief exponent. But, with Baldwin, he led the attack on Edward and won. Baldwin went into obscurity and now Cosmo Lang has resigned. I'm not sorry, but I am curious to know the reason why. A product of Oxford of the 1880's, Cosmo Lang had a distinguished academic record, taking a first class in History and a 2nd in classics. He was a Fellow of All Souls, a D.D., D.C.L., LL.D., D.Litt. He went to Balliol from Glasgow University and while at Oxford he became President of the Oxford Union. The Archbishop of York who will, I expect, succeed him, is also an Oxford man but from all accounts more liberal-minded. Let us await the official explanation.

* * *

The House of Lords got a little ruffled when Lord Addison called Popham-brook a "nincompoop". After which I expect to see a noble Lord on the Front Bench twit another on the Opposition bench with the unparliamentary expression: "O.K. Toots".

* * * *

Without Comment:—

The 'Daily Mail's' Singapore correspondent cables: "British soldiers withdrawing to their new lines are asking the same questions of correspondents as were asked in Norway and Greece: "Where are our planes?" When are we going to get them?"

* * * *

Celebrating its Silver Jubilee this month is the only Women's University in India, named by Shrecmati Nathibai Damodher Thackersey. It was Prof. Karve who started this idea and Sir Vithaldas Thackersey who gave a handsome donation. The celebrations are to last 3 days and Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Mrs. Naidu and Lady Cowasji Jehangir will preside on these three days. It is encouraging for an Indian to know that a Woman's University in his country has stood like a rock for 25 long years.

CONGRESS HELP TO EVACUEES

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

The President of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee in a statement offering hospitality to the evacuees from Burma assures that Congressmen would whole-heartedly co-operate with the Government and other organisations in the matter and do everything in their power to help the evacuees.—A. P.

Karachi Quotations

KARACHI, January 21

To-day's closing quotations:—

Cotton Sind January Rs. 18/6; March Rs. 18/3; Punjab January Rs. 13/14; March Rs. 13/15; FFFF Desi American January Rs. 271; May Rs. 27/0/9; Tone: Quiet. Wheat January Rs. 43/6/9; March Rs. 43/3; July Rs. 37/8/6; Tone: Quiet. Gram January Rs. 36/4/6; July Rs. 32/8/9; Toria February Rs. 38/3; March Rs. 38/9/9; Cottonseed January Rs. 25/5 and March Rs. 24.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: January 21.

36 bdls sings, 50 cts batteries, 71 c/s cotton pcegoods, 34 c/s toilet preparations, 32 c/s paper, 89 pkgs Quarentine powders, 100 kegs Lead ore, 42 cases miliboard, 48 cases cigarettes and tobacco, 60 tons loose broken and damaged woods, 48 dms zinc chloride, 120 kegs sodium hyposulphite, 225 dms sodium hydrosulphite, 72 dms Heald varnish, 184 parcels cardboard, 45 cases cut tacks, 150 coils copper wire, 42443 bags sugar, 69 bags carbonate of magnesia, 85 bdls brass rods, 63 kegs dyestuffs, 33 bls cotton and woollen tents.

LONDON WHEAT

London: January 20.

Rozario Santa Fe 22/7 1/2. Barletta Russo 22/9.

LONDON SILVER

London: January 20.

Spot not quoted. Forward not quoted.

LONDON GOLD

London: January 20.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: January 20.

T T London on New York, Madrid, Montreal, Berne and Stockholm unchanged.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: January 20.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 p.c. 1948	
Ind. Stock 3 1/2 p.c. 1931 or later	£101 13/16
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 83 1/16
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 p.c. 1961	£107 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105 1/4
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	£115 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 11/16
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	£ 7 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	£ 61 1/2
National Bank of India	£ 31

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Scattered Business

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

There was scattered business to-day on the local Stock Exchange. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 1,610 and advanced to Rs. 1,617, but reached to Rs. 1,610 and steadied at Rs. 1,612. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 303 and after improving to Rs. 305 quietened at

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: January 21.

Bombay Dyeing (1150) 1150
Century (370) 370
Central India (350) 350
Kohinoor (473) 472 470
New Great (275) 275
Simplex (200) 200
Swadeshi (390) 390 400 393 397 367 383
Associated Cement (157) 157 156/8 154
Tramways Ordinary (140) 140
Tata Hydro (185) 171
Tata Power (1650) 1650
Tata Steel Defd (1615) 1610 1615 1612 1617 1610 1612 1617
Tata Steel Ordinary (303) 303 305 303 304
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (139/4) 139/4
Bellapur (239) 240 233
Bombay Steam (321) 310
Bombay Burma (335) 336 330 317 320

Rs 303. Bombay Dyeing were unchanged at Rs. 1,150.

Yesterday the Wall Street Market was quietly steady. U. S. Steels were unchanged at 53-3/4. Anaconda Copper Mining shares improved 1/4 at 28-1/2 and General Motors closed unchanged at 33-1/2 dollars.

In the local market there was only scattered business and operators are keenly watching war developments in the East. In the cash section there was nothing interesting.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	.....	323 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	.....	1150 0
100	CENTURY	.....	370 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	.....	350 0
100	Colaba	.....	180 0
100	Cooria	.....	193 0
250	Dawn	.....	562 0
250	David	.....	402 0
1	E D Sassoon Defd	.....	2 13 3
100	FINLAY	.....	200 0
100	GOKAK	.....	240 0
1000	Hindustan	.....	2525 0
100	Indore	.....	212 0
100	Khatau	.....	223 0
100	KOHINOOR	.....	470 0
250	LAXMI	.....	735 0
100	Madhusudan	.....	350 0
100	MORARJI	.....	455 0
250	Model	.....	200 0
50	MYSORE	.....	232 0
200	NEW GREAT	.....	275 0
100	Osmanshahi	.....	253 0
100	Podar	.....	193 0
100	Phoenix	.....	482 0
25	Sassoon Silk	.....	84 0
1000	Sholapur	.....	5395 0
50	SIMPLEX	.....	200 0
140	SWADESHI	.....	385 0
100	SWAN	.....	215 0
500	Vishnu	.....	1555 0
100	Western	.....	1600 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	.....	111 0
25-50	Central India	.....	46 12
500	Imperial XD	.....	1585 0
125-500	Imp. Cont. XD	.....	390 0
50-100	India	.....	143 0
100	Reserve Bank	.....	104 0
5	Union	.....	6 14

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED XD	.....	154 8

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	.....	13 [illegible]
100	Empire	.....	768 0
15-100	Jupiter	.....	15 12
20	Mercantile	.....	68 4
15-75	New India	.....	52 12
200	Oriental	.....	4260 0
10-50	Vulcan	.....	9 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	.....	175 0
100	ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1862 0
10	Ajmer	.....	12 12
50	BOMBAY TRAM	.....	140 0
100	Bombay Suburban	.....	181 0
10	Broach	.....	13 6
100	Karachi	.....	217 0
100	Poona	.....	217 0
100	Sura	.....	87 0
100	TATA HYDRO	.....	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	.....	1650 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmadabad Prantij	.....	850 0
100	C Province	.....	104 0
100	Dhond Baramati	.....	104 4
100	Gujarat	.....	106 0
100	Mandra Bhan.	.....	[illegible] 0
100	Pachora Jamner	.....	93 0
100	Sara Sirajganj	.....	107 0
500	Tapti Valley	.....	636 0

MININGS

8sh	Burma Corp	.....	3 0
8sh	Indian Copper	.....	1 14
10	Indian Iron and Steel	.....	27 14
30	SHIVRAJPUR	.....	30 0
10	Mukund Iron	.....	13 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	.....	1617 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	.....	304 0
10	Steel Corporation	.....	16 10

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	.....	605 0
10	Air Services	.....	3 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR XD	.....	233 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	.....	650 0
25	BOMBAY STEAM	.....	310 0
100	B. Burma	.....	320 0
50	Contry	.....	125 0
8sh	Br B Burma	.....	1 15
100	IND. BLEACHING	.....	178 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	.....	49 0
100	Indian Radio Def	.....	373 0
10	Indian Radio Ord	.....	8[illegible] 0
100	Port Canning	.....	81 0
30	PREMIER Con	.....	110 0
15	Scindia	.....	20 2
25	Tata Oil	.....	51 12
25	Tata Chemical	.....	14 8
100	Wimco	.....	206 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	.....	1585 0
6	p.c. Bom. Steam	.....	325 0
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	.....	76 12
5	p.c. Central India (TF)	.....	627 0
6 1/4	p.c. Premier Const 1st	...	121 0
6 1/4	p.c. Premier Const 2nd	...	117 0
7	p.c Tata Hydro	.....	152 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	.....	1657 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	211 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	139 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	.....	746 0

DEBENTURES

4	p.c Andhra Valley Deb	.....	106 12
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	.....	50 2
5	p.c. Morarji	.....	104 0
5	p.c. Sholapur	.....	73 4
4	p.c. Tata Power Deb	.....	105 8

Cash quotations were as under:—

BOM. DYEING 1100, CENTURY 351, CENTRAL INDIA 350, COLABA 170, FINLAY 193, GOKAK 230, KOHINOOR 450, MORARJI 430, MYSORE 155, NEW GREAT 260, PHOENIX 472, SIMPLEX 180, SWADESHI 380, SWAN 202, ASSOCIATED 154, ANDHRA VLY. 1660, BOM. TRAM 137, TATA HYDRO 171, TATA POWER 1581, SHIVRAJPUR 28-0, TATA STL. DF. 1575, TATA STL. OR. 299, ALCOCK 595, BELAPUR SUGAR 218, BOM. STEAM 310, BOMBAY BURMA 311, IND. BLEACHING 165, PREMIER CONST. 108.

HEAVY MILL PRICE FIXING IN N. Y. COTTON

Prospects Of Early Settlement Of Price Control Controversy

LARGE GOVERNMENT PURCHASES OF TEXTILES

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

On Wednesday the New York Cotton Market was very steady on heavy mill price fixing against large Government purchases of cloth.

It seems that confidence in higher prices for American cotton eventually is increasing and despite loan cotton sales, the New York Cotton Market is wonderfully steady. There was heavy mills buying and quotations reached the recent high level.

It is understood that Price Control question would be settled soon and the Government will have to fix ceilings at about 110 per cent of parity level. Thus if parity level is moving up, Cotton prices will have to be revised upward. Thus the fixing of ceilings will have to be changed in proportion to changes in parity level from time to time.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York Cotton Market opened very steady. There was heavy mill price fixing against continued large Government purchases of cotton goods and there was trade and New Orleans buying. The buying encountered more active hedging partly against Commodity Credit Corporation releases and local as well as professional selling

Prospects of the early settlement of price control controversy aided general sentiment but there was an inclination to await its final outcome. With strong technical cotton situation, there is bound to be scarcity of contracts if prices advance further from the present level.

At the opening march was quoted 7 points up at 18.29 and under increased selling at 5 points from the opening level at 18.24 which was the lowest level reached before noon.

In the afternoon there was renewed buying and March improved 18.33 which was highest level. The market finally closed a net rise of 10 to 11 points. Spot cotton prices were placed at 18.94 c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton Futures Market was very steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 18 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 18.86 c. per lb.

CROP PREPARATIONS

Fertiliser sales in December at 47 per cent above December 1940 imply growers are intensively cultivating encouraged by present attractive prices Loan replacements to January 10 were 1.880 bales, only 71 increase on the week and 867 below last year again reflecting current attractive market prices.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 18.33+11 (2-13 p.m.); lowest 18.24+02 (11-15 a.m.)

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Active trade buying. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: January 20.

March	18.32+10
May	18.49+11
July	18.62+10
October	18.75+11
December	18.77+10
January	18.79+10
Middling Spot	18.94

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	18.36+08
May	18.55+09
July	18.68+09
October	18.92+18
December	18.96
Middling Spot	18.86

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: January 20.

Noon Call

March	18.25
May	18.43
July	18.55

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: January 20.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 19,000 bales

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON: January 21.

The markets were dull on Far-Eastern news with business on a very small scale. Giltedgeds fluctuated slightly closing a shade firmer. Home Rails were generally maintained, but Oils receded up to 3/32, especially influenced by the loss of Tavoy. Leading Industrials also tended to be lower including Breweries, Tobaccos and Woollens, but Dunlops rallied slightly. Brazil Bonds recorded further useful gains as also Antofagasta Railway, while Eastern Tins ruled steadier, but Rubbers, Teas and Kaffirs eased.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: January 21.

The easier trend in share prices continued to-day also. Tata Deferreds were inclined to rule lower at 1570, while Tata Ordinaries also came down to 298. Bombay Dyeings declined to 1090. Indian Irons were listless at 27/8 and Bengal Steels at 16.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1595) 1595 1570
Tata Ordinaries (300) 301 298
Tata Ordinary 298, Tata Deferred 1590, Indian Iron 27/8, Steel Corporation of Bengal 16, Bombay Dyeing 1090, Central India 327/8 Century 346/4, Gokak 225, Kohinoor 445, Simplex 180, Andhra Valley 1655, Tata Hydro 170/10, Tata Power 1580, Associated Cement 156, Belapur 217/8, Bombay Burma Old 315.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay: January 21.

Copper sheets lb. 21—Rs. 105, 28—104, 35—103, 42—102, 49-56—101.

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 106, 24—99, 28—99, 35—96, 42—95, 49-56—95.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 70. Rosita Rs. 60. Country make Rs. 56. Piglead 'B.M.' refined Rs. 27/8 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 70/8 per qr.

SETTLEMENT RATES:

Copper sheets Chaitar Rs. 101.

Piglead 'B.M.' Maha Rs. 26/12. Tin Ingot Penang Maha Rs. 69/8.

Market Tone:—Firm.

YARN AND SILK MERCHANTS QUOTATIONS

Bombay: January 21.

64/2	Koru Nissin Spot	21	14 0
84/2	Koru Nissin Spot	36	0 0
54/2	Any Spot	2	7 0
80/2	Any Spot	2	14 0
150	Any Spot	2	4 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: January 21.

Yarn No.	February	April
6 1/2s	214	213
10 1/2s	236	235
20 1/2s	327	308
40s	540	535

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: January 21.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 2 months Banks buying 90 day/St 1/6 5/16 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 four months.
B C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 5/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 330 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 327 1/2.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/8.
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 294 3/4.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47.
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 58
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 125 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 157 1/2; D D Rs. 157 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 155 1/4; D D Rs. 153 1/2.
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 1/32 3/32
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pcs 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal; D D Esc 7.35 nominal.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady dull.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 9/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
1 to 2 months 1/2 per cent.
3 to 5 months 3/4 per cent.
9 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET.

New York: January 19.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing New York Stock Exchange quotations:—

	Dollars
Electric Bond and Share 5.0 Pfd	56 1/2
Electric Power and Lt Pfd	32 1/2
American Telephone and Telegraph	126 3/8
Western Union Telegraph	25 1/8
New York Central Rail Road	9 1/8
New York Central and Hudson River R. R. 5 per cent 2013	58 3/4
Union Pacific	71 3/4
N. Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6 per cent Pfd.	44 1/2
U. S. Steel	53 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	64 1/4
Crucible Steel	34
Texas Corporation	37 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 7/8
Int. Nickel of Canada	27 3/8
Chrysler Motors	47 3/4
General Motors	32 1/2
Eaton Manufacturing	31 1/2
Dupont de Nemours	127
Sears Roebuck	54
Consolidated Oil	5 7/8
Socony	7 3/4
National City Bank of New York	23
Australia 5 per cent 1955	61 1/2

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: January 21.

Bengal to-day 600, total 6650. Oomra today 9950, total 101,350.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57 Loan	97-0
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	95-8
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	98-6
3 per cent 1949/52 Loan	98-2
4 per cent 1967/70 Loan	109-6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	102-14
3 per cent War Bonds	100-12
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan	94-6
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan	113-0

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	108-2
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	115-8
6 per cent 1955 Mysore	127

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947	108-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947	108-4
6 per cent M Deb 1954	126-0
6 per cent K P T 1956	126

Trend: Firm.
Rates nominal.

CITY MARKETS OBSERVE JAIN FESTIVAL

BOMBAY: January 21.

On account of a very great Festival of Jains in connection with Updhan Tapas, the following markets remain closed today:—

The Bombay Bullion Exchange; The Seeds Traders' Association; The Sugar Merchants' Association; Shree Mahajan Association.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: January 21.

Several City markets observed Jain festival to-day and the local cotton market was specially kept open for two hours between 3 and 5 p.m. for the settlement of monthly teji-mandi.

Following a rise of 10 points in New York cotton futures, the market was expected to open at Rs. 200 for Broach A/M delivery and trading commenced at Rs. 198/12 and declined to Rs. 198/4. At this level there was scattered buying and prices improved to Rs. 198/12. There was friendly feeling between option dealers and Bears. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 198/12
BROACH July/August	Rs. 205/8
OOMRA Dec/Janry	Rs. 180/8
OOMRA March	Rs. 152/12
OOMRA May	Rs. 155/12
BENGAL Dec/Janry	Rs. 122/8
BENGAL March	Rs. 126/12
BENGAL May	Rs. 129/4

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: January 21.

	Extra	Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P		131	128	126	122	
M G Punjab		131	128	128	122	
M G Rajputana		137	134	131	128	
M G Oomra No. 3	165	162	159	156	...	
M G C. P. No. 1	201	198	115	192	...	
M G C. P. No. 2	178	175	172	169	...	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: January 21.

	Old.	Ready
Bengal Fine	114/17	126/29
Berar	131/36	176/78
C. P. 1	186/91	213/16
C. P. 2	151/56	191/93
Khandesh	106/11	116/21
Muglai	111/16	126/31
Broach	118/23	.....
Broach Low	98/108	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay: January 21.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh	1,393	35,953	48,965
Central India	72	12,222	35,353
Barsi and Nagar	1,538	30,976	46,933
Hyderabad/Gaorani		4,526	16,144
Berar	1,859	97,858	144,844
Central Provinces	1,367	38,807	22,715
Total Oomras	6,229	219,622	314,924
Dholeras	108	15,508	19,157
N.-W. Provinces		1,021	465
Rajputana		378	1,750
Sind-Punjab	7,749	228,238	227,494
Broach	1,247	21,290	9,452
Coompta and Dharwar		6,413	27,086
Westerns-Northerns		5,956	28,067
Cocanada			239
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		8,221	522
Total	15,333	409,577	629,276
Arrived by road to 15th January 1942		47,500	97,250

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: January 21.

Linseed May	8 14 9
Wheat January	5 15 9
Wheat May	6 15 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 1,078 cent points at 331.

Broach J/A below New York July 1,067 cent points at 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: January 20.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	200	197 1/4	198 1/2
Broach J/A	206	203 1/2	204 3/4
Oomra D/J	181 1/2	176	181
Oomra Mar.	154	150 1/2	152 1/4
Oomra May	156	152 1/2	155
Bengal D/J	124	123	124
Bengal Mar.	128	127	127 1/2
Bengal May	130 1/2	129 1/2	129 3/4

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: January 21.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 98/0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 99/8

Tone:—Dull.

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS

New York, January 20

Delayed.

	Season to date	This Season week	Season to date	Week 1940/41
Forwarded to American mills including other American (excluding linters)	5,273	212	4,922	140
Stocks at U. S. Ports	—	3,310	—	3,451
Receipts at U. S. Ports	2,595	93	2,568	38

The above figures are for the week ended January 15, 1942.

(All in thousands of bales).

Certificated stocks 74,000 bales.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 20-1-42	2660000	2574000
Receipts yesterday 20-1-42	19000	5000
Export to date 19-12-42		585000
Stocks at Ports 15-1-42	3310000	3451000
Stock at interior towns 9-1-42		3303000
Quantity in sight 19-12-41		6908000

PEPPER AND GINGER

Bombay: January 21.

Pepper ready	108 0 0
Maha Sud 15	103 0 0
Chaitra Sud 15	109 0 0
Ginger ready	37 0 0
Maha Sud 15	34 8 0
Chaitra Sud 15	33 0 0

"What do you find best for Bronchitis and all Chest Affections?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

For any weakness of throat or chest, or any tendency to tuberculosis: for a troublesome cough, bronchitis or any chest affection, the standard approved treatment is a course of Angier's Emulsion.

It soothes and strengthens the lungs, promotes appetite, greatly improves digestion, and exerts a pronounced tonic, invigorating influence upon the general health.

In sub-acute and chronic bronchitis, Angier's not only relieves the cough, but also improves the nutrition and effectively overcomes the constitutional debility so frequently associated with these cases.

No mother should be without a bottle of Angier's Emulsion in the house. Remember – Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions, and it agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. Equally useful for adults and children.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

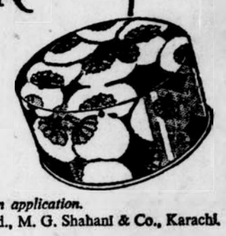
Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions

Wanted! FACE POWDER that stays on, and cannot enlarge the pores...

you may safely leave it to Coty!

Coty "Air Spun" face powder is the most perfect face powder made. Why? Because firstly, it *stays on* longer and clings closer because the special "Air Spun" process makes it so fine and smooth-textured. Secondly, it *cannot enlarge the pores* because it contains *no* materials which swell when moistened by the skin. You see, tiny grains of powder are bound to find their way into the pores: if those tiny grains contain materials which *do* swell, then the pores are inevitably made larger—and stay enlarged. This simply can't happen with Coty "Air Spun" powder! Thirdly, its exquisite shades *are flattering to all types*, and fourthly, the *enchanting fragrances* in which it is made add a distinctive, alluring note. Yes, you *can* safely leave it to Coty: "Air Spun" Face Powder should be your choice, too!

Coty "AIR SPUN"



Ask to see the full Coty "Air Spun" range—particularly Gitane, a new, flattering peach bloom shade.

Price Lists on application.

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd., M. G. Shahani & Co., Karachi.

3309

DON'T BE AFRAID OF INDIGESTION

Indigestion is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how *can* you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence? You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE.

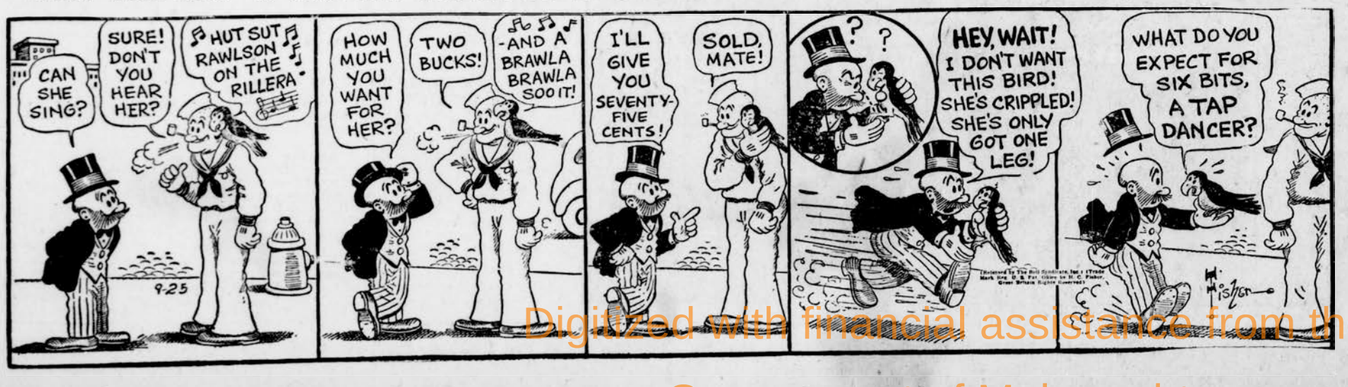
LACTOPEPTINE

DIGESTS LIKE NATURE DIGESTS

That's the secret of LACTOPEPTINE, it digests just like Nature digests. It does, in fact, contain those very ingredients which Nature herself uses in the human digestion. Try LACTOPEPTINE after your next meal. You'll be delighted at the freedom from pain and distress. You'll be amazed how much better and brighter you feel. LACTOPEPTINE is obtainable in 3 forms, Tablets, Powder and Elixir, from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars.

MUTT AND JEFF—It Costs More than Six Bits for a Good Vaudeville Show

By BUD FISHER


CAN SHE SING?
SURE! DON'T YOU HEAR HER?
HUT SUT RAWLSON ON THE RILLERA
HOW MUCH YOU WANT FOR HER?
TWO BUCKS!
-AND A BRAWLA BRAWLA SOO IT!
I'LL GIVE YOU SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS!
SOLD, MATE!
? ?
HEY, WAIT! I DON'T WANT THIS BIRD! SHE'S CRIPPLED! SHE'S ONLY GOT ONE LEG!
WHAT DO YOU EXPECT FOR SIX BITS, A TAP DANCER?
9-25

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A PRINCELY TONIC for
A PRINCELY VIGOUR
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Price 5 tolas for Rs. 20, 50, 100, 250 and upwards according to rich quality desired

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Thursday, January 22, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

GLYCO-THYMOLINE

(Kress & Owen Co's)
KEEP INFECTION AT BAY!
with
GLYCO-
THYMOLINE
To cure common cold and tonsilities douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.
Obtainable at all Chemists

Nation-Wide Agitation Must Tell On Churchill

WAR DANGER MAKES DECLARATION OF INDIA'S STATUS IMPERATIVE, SAYS RAJAJI

MADRAS, January 21.

"The entry of Japan and Russia into the war has on the one hand made it morally more easy for the Congress to offer its co-operation, and on the other, it has made the transfer of full control and the declaration of India's status more urgently necessary," declared Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar in a press interview.

Explaining the A.I.C.C. resolution on endorsing the Bardoli decision of the Working Committee Mr. Rajagopalachariar said:—

INDIA'S FREEDOM FIRST

The affirmed policy of non-co-operation in war activities is based on the refusal of Britain to recognise the status of freedom to which India is entitled according to every accepted principle prevailing in the civilised world. Even before Russia came into the war on one side and Japan on the other, the Congress has through the voice of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru clearly stated this specific demand made on behalf of the nation. Only a free and equal India can co-operate of her free will. Till that vital change is made, none of us have the power to make the people of India enthusiastic for a war which is not theirs. The first step must therefore be a declaration of India's status of freedom. This has to be followed by its immediate application in as far as is possible in order to give the people effective control of the governance of India, including India's defence. Then only is it possible to create the psychological condition which can lead to popular support and defence organisation such as can withstand the shocks and tactics of modern war.

America is too busy now to express her mind on India, but her warm approval may be taken for granted, if Britain intends to do the right thing for India.

But the British Government will not do the right thing, unless India makes herself felt. We have withdrawn Satyagraha, but public opinion from the Himalayas to Cape Comorin should condemn the attitude of the British Government in no uncertain voice. Nothing but pride and obstinacy stands in the way. The wise course is far too patent, and we cannot believe that Mr. Churchill does not see it. The agitation in India should be so shaped as to compel a dissolution of his obstinacy. Even if the British Government insists on being an imperial power right up to the end, we have no choice, but to stick to the policy enunciated in the Congress resolution. The war must end sometime and when the accounts are cast, we shall not be losers. We shall find ourselves justified in the attitude we have taken.

CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

The other part of the Bardoli resolution is the constructive work we have to take up. Gandhiji is now more intensely and intimately in the work. Paradoxical as it may seem relieving him of the responsibility of the Congress Satyagraha has resulted in closer and more intimate responsibility in other directions. As he has explained, the Government facing the present crisis will find its hands far too well in the cities, to be able to give adequate attention to peace and security in the countryside. This responsibility falls, therefore automatically and naturally on us. When I say us, I do not mean only the Congress but all active patriotic and social service organisations including the Muslim League. We have common interests to protect. The unsocial elements are our common enemies. We should learn to work together and organise effective protection. This is not easy; for the unsocial elements are the greatest cowards in the world. They run away even if a small amount of co-operation on the part of just men and women is forthcoming.

It is not only order and security that call for our united endeavour in the countryside. We should take time by the forelock and organise cultivation and conservation of foodstuffs on the right lines. We should also take steps to make local industries concentrate on the production of cloth and other necessary articles, so that each unit area may be self-contained as far as possible, and dislocation of motor and railway traffic may not produce any dislocation in life.

We want no conflict in this with Government or local officials. We wish only to fill up the gap where the arm of the Government cannot always reach with effect.

What is required is a sound and responsible organisation in every village and small town and divisional or street organisation also. What is important is that the co-operation of all the better elements of society should be secured. Nothing should be done to create distrust or prejudice or apprehension that some particular party interest is sought to be promoted. Unreasonable prejudice will no doubt continue to exist in spite of every endeavour. But doing all we can in the right direction we may afford to ignore persistent unreasonables.—A.P.

Mills In Ahmedabad Closing Night Shift

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 21.

Preparations to defend Ahmedabad from air attacks are going on.

About 22 mills have put up notices for closing night shifts. Eight mills have closed their night shift, about 50 mills are likely to close the night shift, ending this month. About 6,000 workers are unemployed.

TO DIVERT RAILWAY TRAFFIC

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The Railway Board, it is understood, is meeting the Commercial Managers of All Indian Railways on January 23, primarily to consider how to divert traffic to road and inland water ways in order to meet emergencies and also to provide maximum transport effort for carriage of goods both for defence and internal consumption purposes.—A. P.

ROOSEVELT AND CHINESE FEARS

"We Are Doing The Best We Can", He Says

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.

President Roosevelt conferred on Tuesday with the departing Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, General van Mook.

General van Mook told reporters, "The President gave me a lot of good news about strengthening our part of the world. I am more optimistic after this and other conversations. There is really a big effort to get the necessary tools of war and forces to the Western Pacific."-

President Foosevelt at a press conference said that his talk on Tuesday with the Deputy Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, Dr. Van Mook, covered the general work of planning. Excellent progress was being made.

He declined to amplify the satement made by Dr. Van Mook after his visit to the White House, but agreed that what Dr. Van Mook said was quite correct.

Asked about the reports that some Chinese statesmen and others were worried about the statements which had been made that Hitler was the chief enemy—implying that insufficient attention might be paid to the Far Eastern war theatre—President Roosevelt said that he did not think that they had anything to fear. "We are doing the best we can". President Roosevelt commented.—

PRODUCTION OF CARS AND TRUCKS TO STOP

The production of passenger automobiles, and light trucks, whether for civilian military or export, is being stopped in February, declares the Chairman of Production, Mr. Donald Nelson.

Military demands would be satisfied from the stocks of 13,000 new vehicles which the Government recently ordered to be held in stock.-

"CZAR" TO SUPERVISE WAR PRODUCTION

A four-point General Plan to speed war production is reported to have been drafted by Mr. Donald Nelson, the head of the new United States War Production Council.

It envisages the appointment of one man, a "Czar", to supervise the Conversion of the motor car industry to wartime production; the creation of a War requirements Board to determine the exact needs of the army, Navy and other war services; reorganisation of the office of production management, aimed at simplifying its work and reducing redtape; and the placing of civilian procurement experts in the army and navy offices to advise on purchasing.

These proposals are officially described as "tentative but probable."—

American Chassis For Defence Services

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

The first consignment of several hundred automobile chassis, supplied by America under Lease Lend, was landed in India towards the end of December, it is announced here. All these vehicles received under Lease Lend are exclusively for the use of the defence services of the Crown.

India's Ordnance factories continue to forge ahead with their production programmes. The manufacture of a special type of fuze, required for anti-tank mine, has also been established at an ordnance factory.—A. P.

PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 21.

While the sub-committee of the Pan-American conference spent the afternoon struggling with economic resolutions. There is speculation in conference circles with regard to the attitudes of Argentine and Chile towards demands for a total break with the Axis Powers.—Reuter.

H. E. H. the Nizam has announced a donation of Rs. 5,000 for the creation of a library of the Osmania Club, Hyderabad. The Nizam has already donated Rs. 15,000 for the construction of this club.

To Fight For Australia

Recall Of Outstanding Airmen For Britain Considered Likely

MELBOURNE, Jan. 21

The "Herald" reports that the recall of outstanding R.A.A.F. crews from Britain is likely after discussions of the War Cabinet next week. The plan under consideration for some time is now likely to be hastened as a result of new threats to Australia after the outbreak of the Pacific war.—Reuter.

PRIMATE RESIGNS

LONDON, Wednesday.—It is officially announced that the Archbishop of Canterbury the Primate of the Church of England, has resigned. The resignation will take effect from March 31.

GIVING PLACE TO YOUNGER MAN

The Archbishop of Canterbury announced his resignation on Wednesday morning, in the presence of the full Synod of the Convocation of Canterbury. The resignation will take effect from March 31 next, the Archbishop of Canterbury, who is 78 years of age, explained his action was to enable a young man to undertake now the work of preparing for "the great tasks of reconstruction" which must await the church as well as the State after the war and of preparing for a Lambeth conference.

Following is the text of the official announcement of the resignation of the Archbishop of Canterbury published at No. 10, Downing Street to-day:—"The King has received with great regret an intimation from the Archbishop that he is desirous of resigning his office. His Majesty on the recommendation of the Prime Minister has by Royal Warrant appointed a Commission consisting of the Archbishop of York, the Bishop of London, the Bishop of Durham, and the Bishop of Winchester for the purpose of receiving the resignation.

The Commission have reported their acceptance of the Archbishop's resignation to take effect on March 31 this year and this has been approved by His Majesty.—Reuter.

Move To Reconstruct Ulster Cabinet Rejected

LONDON, Jan. 21.

In the Northern Ireland House of Commons on Tuesday night the Prime Minister Mr. J. M. Andrews rejected an opposition motion calling for the reconstruction of the Cabinet to further the war effort.

Mr. Andrews said that the London Government and Parliament alone were responsible for the decision not to apply conscription to Ulster. The Ulster Government regarded conscription as the only fair method of recruitment.—Reuter.

NEW MAYOR OF RANGOON

RANGOON, Jan. 20. (Delayed).

U Ba Glay, Managing Editor of the "Sun", was unanimously elected Mayor of Rangoon to-day for the current year. He was Mayor in 1938.—United Press.

CABLE ITEMS

GEORGE TOWN, January 21.

The Governor of the British Guiana announced in the Legislature that he was awaiting advice of the Secretary of State for the introduction of legislation giving the Government power to conscript labour, to ban strikes and lockouts with a time limit for the settlement of disputes.—Reuter.

ISTANBUL, January 21.

The Turkish Steamer 'Kurtuluch' specially chartered to carry relief supplies of food to the famished population of Greece ran ashore in a thick fog at dawn on Tuesday morning on the rocky coast of the Island of Khairsizada in the Sea of Marmora. Turkish Martitime authorities have sent two tugs to her assistance.

In addition to her main cargo of 2,000 tons of food supplies, the 'Kurtuluch' also carried 300 parcels of provisions sent by the Turkish Press Union to members of the Union of Greek Journalists in Athens.—Reuter.

WARDHA AND AFTER

Frontier Gandhi Wants To Be Relieved

PESHAWAR, January 21.

The implications of the Bardoli resolution as endorsed by the A.-I.C.C., at Wardha will be explained at an emergent meeting of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee to be held on February 1, next.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, it is learnt, will address the meeting explaining the resolution in the light of the latest political developments in India and outside, and his own reaction thereto.

It is also understood that Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan will clarify his attitude to the resolution on the issue of non-violence and request the Committee to relieve him of the responsibilities of Congress work in the Province.

Khan Ali Gul Khan, President and Khan Abdul Qayum Khan, General Secretary of the Provincial Congress, arrived here after attending the meeting of the A.I.C.C. at Wardha. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan who broke journey at Lucknow to meet his daughter is reaching here tomorrow.—United Press.

Prakasam On Wardha Decision

MADRAS, January 21.

"God alone can solve the riddle why Mahatma Gandhi and his orthodox followers had called upon the house to support a decision which in their view was quite wrong," observed Mr. T. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement to the press on the Wardha decision of the A.I.C.C.

He said: "I was so pleased when I found so many as fifteen members were voting against Bardoli resolution with me, and when so many others became neutral finally. The total present was 219, out of which 92 voted for the resolution and 15 against it and the rest, more than half were neutral. This was the correct position. Mr. Asaf Ali is not justified in saying that such a voting represented the view of the people. If this should be taken as the will of the people, it will have to be treated as the end of the non-violent Congress of Gandhiji. I shall not put it as final until a general session of the Congress records its verdict."

We have also known that the Gandhian era of non-violence has come to a close and an era of violence of Jawaharlal Nehru the legal successor of Gandhi, has been installed in its place. Under the circumstances, the reason given by Rajen Babu for not resigning from the Working Committee is not convincing. It is proper that he and others who agreed with him should resign from the Working Committee immediately so that the military group may choose their own men in their places for giving effect to their programme and policy. That is how I look at the whole situation just at present.

DR. PATTABHI'S VIEW

BEZWADA, January 20.

"Unity in action may well be the three words in which today the structure and functions of the Congress may be summarised," observed Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya in a Press interview on his return from Wardha.—A. P.

Lt.-Col. Webb

From Our Correspondent

BHUJ, Jan. 21.

Lt.-Col. Webb suddenly and without previous notice left Kandla by the "Rangmati", yesterday evening. It is understood he has started for Rajkot to discuss some important question with the Resident on State affairs. Bazars have opened to-day, and Hundi is 365.

VICEROY SUFFERING FROM COLD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

It is announced that H. E. the Viceroy has been suffering from a feverish cold and has been confined to his room for the last few days, but he expects to resume his full routine in a day or two.—A. P.

The Director of Public Instruction has been authorised by the Government of Bombay to recognise private institutions for the purpose of holding short term courses in physical education for primary teachers.

Mahatma-Malaviya Meeting At Benares

University Confers Doctorate On Maharaja Of Mysore, C. Vijayaraghavachar And Dr. Mukherjee

BENARES, Jan. 21.

WITH THE ARRIVAL OF MAHATMA GANDHI LAST NIGHT AND THE HON. MR. M. S. ANEY THIS MORNING, THE HINDU UNIVERSITY IS BUZZING WITH ACTIVITIES.

Mahatmaji, as usual, and his morning walk and thereafter called at Mr. Sheoprasad Gupta's place to see the latter who has been ailing for some time. He stayed there for about fifteen minutes.

Touching scenes were witnessed this morning at the residence of Pandit Malaviyaji when Mahatma Gandhi called there and there was a prolonged meeting between them lasting for more than an hour, when it is believed, the present political situation "inter alia" was discussed. At the fag-end of the meeting, the Hon. Mr. Aney also dropped in.

Mr. Mahadev Desai told the "United Press" that Gandhiji was keeping very good health and that he stood the journey well. He said that if people want more work from Mahatmaji, they should spare him from unnecessary strain on his energy.

Students of the Hindu University will present a purse to Gandhiji to-day.

MAHATMA'S PROGRAMME

Mahatma Gandhi will stay here for two days and then proceed to Wardha on Thursday morning. He will address the Presidents and Secretaries of the District and City Congress Committees in the United Provinces and A.I.C.C., members from the Province to-morrow afternoon at the Kashi Vidyapith.

A special messenger from the Maharaja of Bikaner, Chancellor of the Hindu University, arrived here last night with the address of His Highness, who was to preside over the Silver Jubilee Convocation but could not come due to the death of his uncle.

Mahatmaji and Malaviyaji gave Darshan to students.

PANT MEETS ANEY

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, former Premier of the United Provinces, had a prolonged interview this morning with the Hon. Mr. M. S. Aney, Member of The Viceroy's Executive Council, when, it transpires, the general political situation was discussed. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya in the course of a neat little speech thanked the donors and appealed for Rs. 40,00,000 more thereby making a total of Rs. 2 crores.—United Press.

VALUE OF CHARKHA IN WAR TIME

BENARES, January 21

The All-India Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition which was opened yesterday afternoon by Dr. Rajendra Prasad in the absence of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya who had originally arranged to perform the opening, attracted large crowds.

Mr. Vichitra Narain Sharma of the All-India Charkha Sangh described how twenty-one years ago, some thirty students of Acharya Kripalani earnestly undertook the task of popularising and producing Khadi at Benares—a movement which under the paternal guidance of Mahatma Gandhi thrived and came to symbolise and express the national aspirations of India.

Dr Rajendra Prasad gave some facts and figures about the production of Khadi in the country.

The exigencies of war situation, if anything, brought into bold relief the need for intensifying the Khadi movement. In the war of 1918, Dr. Prasad said, there had been such acute shortage of cloth that women could not get sufficient cloth for hiding their shame.

Fortunately for Indian sthey had the Khadi movement well advanced in their midst and they need not fear that they would have to go without cloth in the event of the textile factories being bombed out of existence.

AYURVEDIC EXHIBITION

Seth Jugal Kishore Birla performed the opening ceremony of the Ayurvedic Pharmacy Exhibition at the Ayurvdic College of Benares, Hindu University this afternoon Sir S. Radhakrishnan presided.

The Maharaja of Mysore, Mr. C. Vijayaraghavachariar of Salem and Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee were conferred the Honarary degree of Doctor of Laws

PHYSICS MUSEUM OPENED

Sir C. V. Raman opened the physics museum at the College of Science at the Benares Hindu University, this afternoon.

Declaring the Museum open, he said the educative potential of the scientific museums in this country had not been properly recognised, and added that mere collection of apparatus of scientific interest would not serve the purpose. In order to help the students to increase their knowledge it was indispensable to inspire them with a feeling of affinity towards the subject of their pursuit and the media through which that pursuit was to express itself.—A. P.

GANDHIJI SINCERELY PRO-BRITISH, SAYS SAVARKAR

"I am surprised to find why the Government should so stubboraly refuse to respond to the overtures of the Congress which it has been making overtly and covertly ever since the Poona resolution. The Government has nothing to fear while the Congress is led by men like Gandhiji who have been not only pro-Government but sincerely pro-British throughout their life."

Thus observes Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All India Hindu Mahasabha, in a statement on the resolution of the A. I. C. C. at Wardha.

JUDGMENT IN SUIT AGAINST TURF CLUB

Public Have No Right Of Admission To Race Meetings

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Somjee)

Camille A. J. Lobo ..... Plaintiff.

v

The Royal Western India Turf Club Ltd. and Others ... Defendants.

Judgment, (which had been reserved by His Lordship), in this case which at its hearing lasted for several days, was delivered by His Lordship yesterday morning. It covered over 70 typed pages.

His Lordship observed that the first question that arose in the case was whether or not it had been proved that the open piece of land inside the racing-track had been dedicated as a recreation ground and garden for the benefit of the public except on race days. His Lordship, after considering all the documents as well as the correspondence between the Club and the Bombay Municipality came to the conclusion that there was nothing to establish the alleged dedication. In any event, His Lordship was of the opinion that the Plaintiff had no right to go on the land simply to watch the gallops of race-horses for his business as a tipster as opposed to his recreation.

With regard to the next point of the warning-off or exclusion of the Plaintiff from the enclosures at Race Meetings, on a consideration of the licence granted by the Government to the Club, His Lordship observed:—

"This race course is not a public race course. No right is conferred upon the Plaintiff or any member of the public by any statute to enter the enclosures of the Royal Western India Turf Club to attend race meetings. The race course is not on the same footing in law as a public inn. The Club admits people to the enclosures to attend race meetings for a consideration just as any theatre owner stages a performance or displays a show at a licensed theatre and admits people to the performance or to the show for a consideration."

His Lordship further held that the Stewards were entitled to take action against the Plaintiff under the rules of racing as they did and that they had not acted arbitrarily or capriciously, though His Lordship was of the opinion that the Plaintiff not being either a stand member or a Club member the Court was not entitled to examine the decision of the Stewards who were under no obligation, fiduciary or other, towards the Plaintiff. His Lordship was further of the opinion that the Plaintiff had used very violent and intemperate language in his articles on racing and the Stewards had taken action against the Plaintiff in view of complaints made to them by the Western India Race-Horse Owners' Association and by the jockeys. Lastly, His Lordship held that the damages claimed by the Plaintiff were too remote and he was not entitled to them as on the evidence it was impossible to say whether the Plaintiff had saved money or lost money by being excluded from the race course, and His Lordship did not accept the Plaintiff's bare word that he used to earn Rs. 7,000 or 8,000 per annum out of betting on the race course.

His Lordship therefore dismissed the Plaintiff's suit with costs.

Congressmen To Discuss B.P.C.C. Plan For 10,000 Volunteers

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The outline of the scheme for the launching of the People's Volunteer Brigade will be discussed at a meeting to be held at the Congress House on Thursday evening. According to the present proposals of the B. P. C. C., the city of Bombay will be divided into a hundred sections, each to be looked after by a section of the Brigade.

"The Brigade will be prepared to coordinate its efforts with every organisation which has the same object in view, whether it is the Muslim League organisation, Hindu Mahasabha organisation or the A.R.P.", said the Secretary of the B.P.C.C. in this connection. But the Brigade is not prepared to be "controlled" by any outside organisation.

The Brigade will have its ambulances, first-aid squads and the necessary paraphernalia for first-aid and rescue work.

For India's Naval Defence

BANGALORE, Jan. 21.

The Maharaja of Mysore to-day announced a donation of six and a half lakhs of rupees to the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund for the purchase of a mine-sweeping trawler or for any other suitable purpose connected with the naval defence of India which the Viceroy might consider to be of greater importance.—A. P.

NAIDU RESIGNS HINDU SABHA SECRETARYSHIP

MADRAS, Jan. 21.

Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary, All India Hindu Mahasabha, has tendered resignation of his office.—A. P.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 21.

The Australian War Cabinet on Tuesday declared to plan ahead to 1943 production of guns and equipment to their need and that of their Allied neighbours.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day:

CHARLIE CHAN — DESPERATE DANTON — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

JACK PLUNGED INTO THE QUARRY POND, BUT A BUBBLE OF AIR IN THE CAR KEPT HIM ALIVE!
SHE'S CRAZY, BUT SHE WOULDN'T BE SO HAPPY IF JACK WERE DEAD!
DANTON, AS SOON AS JACK RECOVERS CONSCIOUSNESS HE'LL TELL US WHO KILLED OLSON!
S-W-E-L-L
CONWAY CAN'T BE ALIVE - BUT SUPPOSE HE IS? MAYBE I'D BETTER SCRAM NOW!
COME AND HEAR WHAT JACK SAYS!
YEAH, I BETTER DUST OUT OF HERE, BUT I WON'T GO ALONE! MARY GOES WITH ME!
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ALFRED ANDRIOLA

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